CITY OF SANTA CLARA

WETZ ROAD AND SANTA CLARA LOOP - ROAD AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

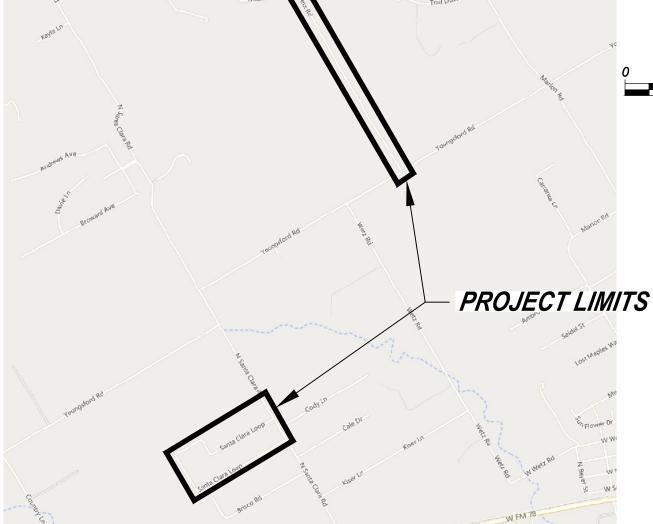


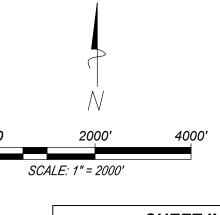
CITY MAYOR: JEFF HUNT

CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS: MARIAN CARTY

ERNEST SCHOENEFELDT DANNY TRAMMELL

JIM FOLBRE LYNETTE SIERRER





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Geotechnical report: Project Manual C1001 by Arias Geoprofessionals dated 8/22/22



THE SIZE, TYPE, LOCATION AND DEPTH OF EXISTING UTILITIES AS SHOWN HEREIN ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH RESULT FROM THE CONTRACTORS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

SHEET NO.

LEGEND

ABBREVIATIONS

NOTE: ABBREVIATIONS SHOWN HEREON MAY OR MAY NOT BE EVIDENT ON PLANS.

AB AC ADA AVE BEG. BOT. BVCE BVCS BW CBMH € CLF CONC. DCW DEMO DI DIP DWY E ELEC. ELEV EP EVCE FC FH FND FS GB GM GV	AGGREGATE BASE ASPHALTIC CONCRETE AMERICAN'S WITH DISABILITIES ACT AVENUE BEGINNING BOTTOM BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE ELEVATION BEGIN VERTICAL CURVE STATION BACK OF WALK CATCH BASIN MANHOLE CENTERLINE CHAIN LINK FENCE CORRUGATED METAL PIPE CONCRETE DOUBLE CHECK VALVE DEMOLITION DROP INLET DUCTILE IRON PIPE DRIVEWAY EAST EXISTING ELEVATION ELECTRICAL ELEVATION EDGE OF PAVEMENT END VERTICAL CURVE ELEVATION FACE OF CURB FIRE HYDRANT FLOWLINE FOUND FINISHED SURFACE GRADE BREAK GAS METER GAS VALVE	L LG LP LVC N (N) OHU OS (P) PB PGL POL PVI RCP RD ROW S SD SDMH SGN SL SS SSCO SSMH STA STD SW TBR TC TCE TELE TFL TG TV TYP	LEFT LIP OF GUTTER LOW POINT LENGTH OF VERTICAL CURVE NORTH NEW OVER HEAD UTILITY OFFSET PROPOSED PULL BOX PROFILE GRADE LINE POINT ON LINE POINT OF VERTICAL INTERSECTION REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE ROAD RIGHT OF WAY SLOPE STORM DRAIN STORM DRAIN STORM DRAIN MANHOLE SIGN STREET LIGHT SANITARY SEWER SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE STATION STANDARD SIDEWALK TO BE REMOVED TOP OF CURB TEMPORATE TOP OF FLOWLINE TOP OF GRATE TELEVISION TYPICAL
GB	GRADE BREAK	TG	TOP OF GRATE
GM	GAS METER	TV	TELEVISION
GV	GAS VALVE	TYP	TYPICAL
H.	HORIZONTAL	V.	VERTICAL
HB	HOSE BIB	VLT	VAULT
HP	HIGH POINT	W	WEST
ICV	IRRIGATION CONTROL VALVE	WM	WATER METER
INV	INVERT	WV	WATER METER WATER VALVE

Freeland Turk engineering group

WETZ ROAD AND SANTA CLARA LOOP ROAD AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS

8 | 1 | 1

DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY:

SHEET NO.

1. General Description of the Scope of Work

The scope of work generally involves reclaiming existing road base material and installing a two-course chip seal, including roadside ditch improvements and culvert installation for Wentz Road and Santa Clara Loop.

2. Project Limits and Area

Wetz Road from Youngsford Road to Hillside Estates.

Santa Clara Loop west of N. Santa Clara Road.

3. Specifications

The Contractor shall perform all work and construct the improvements following TxDOT's Standard Specifications for the Construction and Maintenance of Highways, Streets, and Bridges (dated November 1, 2014).

4. Notifications

The Contractor shall notify the City of Santa Clara and the Engineer 48 hours before starting construction.

5. Regulations

The Contractor shall conduct all construction operations according to applicable state statutes and U.S. OSHA regulations. The Contractor may obtain information and related reference materials from OHSA at 1033 La Posada Dr., Suite 375, Austin, Texas 78752-3832.

All construction shall comply with the Texas Administrative Code, TCEQ, and any other governing entity, ordinances, or codes.

6. Job Site Responsibility

The Contractor shall be entirely responsible for job site conditions during the construction of this project, including the safety of all persons and the protection of property. This requirement shall apply continuously and not be limited to regular working hours.

4. Utilities

The Contractor shall use established safety practices when working near utilities.

The Contractor shall inform and consult with the appropriate utility owners before work begins, allowing them enough time to identify, locate, reroute, or make other adjustments to utility lines.

The size, location, and depth of existing utilities shown on these plans are approximate only.

The Contractor shall verify the exact horizontal and vertical location of all existing utilities before commencing work. All existing utilities shall remain in place and stay in service unless otherwise indicated on the plans.

The Contractor shall be fully responsible for all damages resulting from the Contractor's failure to locate and preserve all underground and above-ground utilities in the project area.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer immediately of utility conflicts.

The Engineer will decide whether to adjust utilities or adjust the work to eliminate or lessen the conflict.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the Engineer will make necessary arrangements with the utility owner when utility adjustments are required.

The Contractor shall use work procedures that protect utilities or appurtenances that remain in place during construction.

The Contractor shall conduct work with minimum disturbance of existing utilities and coordinate work in or near utilities with the utility owners.

The Contractor shall cooperate with utilities to remove and rearrange utilities to avoid service interruption or duplicate work by the utilities.

The Contractor shall not disrupt utility services to customers in the project area unless the outage has been coordinated and scheduled with the appropriate utility provider(s) and customers.

The Contractor shall provide 24-hour emergency contact information to area utility companies.

The Contractor shall allow utilities access to the right of way.

The Contractor shall immediately notify the appropriate utility companies of service interruptions resulting from damage due to construction activities and cooperate with utilities until service is restored.

The Contractor shall maintain access to fire hydrants when necessary.

The Contractor shall avoid cutting or damaging underground utility lines to remain in place and promptly notify the utility company if damage occurs.

5. Surveying

These plans contain sufficient horizontal and vertical control points, established by the Engineer, for the Contractor to establish lines, slopes, grades, and centerlines.

6. Staging Area

The Contractor may not use Auxiliary Airport Road right-of-way for construction staging, except in designated work zone areas. The Contractor shall store materials and equipment within permissible areas within Joint Base San Antonio-Seguin Auxiliary Airfield.

7. Construction Water

The Contractor shall obtain a water supply for construction purposes.

8. Haul Route Protection

The Contractor shall use whatever means to prevent soil and other foreign materials from littering public streets used to haul materials to and from this project site. The Contractor shall remove soil, dirt, mud, and other materials from the public streets to prevent hazardous conditions and protect the traveling public.

9. Field Changes

The Contractor shall contact the Engineer if any field changes are required. Any revisions to the plans may require FEMA, and Guadalupe County approvals.

10. Miscellaneous

The Contractor shall video and photograph the project site before commencing construction

The Contractor's working hours shall be Monday through Friday from 7 am to 6 pm. The Contractor shall not work weekends or holidays unless approved by City of Santa Clara

11. Construction Sequencing

The Contractor may construct Santa Clara Loop and Wetz Road independently of each other.

The Contractor shall submit a construction sequencing plan and obtain the engineer's approval before commencing construction.

General construction sequencing for Santa Clara Loop:

- Mobilization
- Install SW3P
- Temporary Traffic Control
- Preparation of Right of Way and demolition

- Roadside ditch improvements
- Clean culverts
- Culvert and headwall installation
- Establish traffic controls for base reclamation/Seal Coat (one lane, one-way traffic loop 2 phases)
- Lime treatment of base
- Establish temporary traffic controls for concrete pavement
- Concrete pavement installation
- Seal coat placement
- Sign installation
- Seeding and watering
- Remove SW3P
- Clean up
- Demobilize

General construction sequencing for Wetz Road:

- Mobilization
- Temporary Traffic Control
- Install SW3P
- Preparation of Right of Way and demolition
- Install Temp Mailboxes
- Clean roadside ditches
- Clean culverts
- Culvert and headwall installation
- Establish temporary traffic controls for base reclamation/Seal Coat (one-lane, two-way traffic controlled by temporary traffic signals 2 Phases)
- Lime treatment of base
- Seal coat placement
- Sign installation
- Seeding and watering
- Remover SW3P
- Clean up
- Demobilize

SHEET NO.

Item 150 - Blading

The Contractor shall blade between the edge reclaimed flexible base and the roadside ditch to create positive drainage from the pavement into the roadside ditch. The Contractor shall remove excess material generated during blading operations.

Item 164 - Seeding for Erosion Control

The Contractor shall permanently seed all areas where the Contractor has removed or disturbed vegetation due to construction activities.

The Contractor shall provide seed per Table 1 (rural) for District 15 (San Antonio) and clay soils.

The Contractor shall apply the seed using cellulose fiber mulch.

Item 168 - Vegetative Watering

The Contractor shall water all areas permanently seeded at a rate of ¼" per week for four weeks.

The Contractor shall purchase, obtain and transport water at his expense. The City of Santa Clara will not supply the Contractor with water for this project.

Item 247 - Flexible Base

The Contractor shall furnish and deliver new flexible base material (Type A, Grade I-II) to augment existing base material as necessary to construct a 22' wide (8" depth) roadbed. The existing roadbed generally varies between 18' wide and 22.5' wide.

Item 260 - Lime Treatment (Road-Mixed)

The Contractor shall furnish hydrated lime slurry only.

The target lime content is 6% hydrated lime by dry soil weight (75 pounds per square yard) for a depth of 8".

The Contractor shall pulverize and scarify the existing and new base material to a depth of 8".

No material shall be allowed from a borrow source.

Upon successful proof rolling (no soft spots), the Contractor is not required to compact the subgrade as described in paragraph 4.5.2.1.

Traffic is allowed on the compacted base material during the mellow and curing periods.

The Contractor shall cure by sprinkling water, unless otherwise approved.

Item 316 - Seal Coat

Road Alignment

Horizontal Alignment - The Contractor shall perform full-depth reclamation of the existing road base material and place two courses of seal coat to complete the road. The alignment of the reclaimed road is in the same place as the existing gravel road, more or less. The centerline location of the road is provided on the plans. The road's centerline shall be at least 11' from any concrete driveways. The Contractor may make minor adjustments in the road alignment to meet this requirement.

The minimum width of the 2-course seal coat is 20'.

The minimum width of the reclaimed road base is 22'. In areas where the existing gravel road is less than 22' wide, the Contractor shall excavate and place 8" of additional flexible base material to construct a minimum 22' wide road base.

The Contractor shall construct the new flexible base and 2-course seal coat between the edge of the pavement and existing asphalt and concrete driveways.

Vertical Alignment - The Contractor shall grade the reclaimed base surface in place and match the same elevations of the existing road base material, more or less. The Contractor may make minor adjustments to the road grades to match driveway elevations and create positive drainage.

The Contractor shall grade the reclaimed base surface to create a roadway crown. The cross-slope of the surface shall be at least 2% and no more than 4%. The roadway crown shall

be washed out at locations shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall grade the road surface to construct a pavement surface that freely drains into the roadside ditch or swale. Before placing the 2-course seal coat, the Contractor shall blade the edge of the road and remove any vegetation or obstructions that block stormwater from reaching the roadside ditch or swales. Regardless of location, the Contractor shall construct a freely draining road surface that shall not pond water. The Contractor shall notify the engineer and request additional design guidance if this cannot be achieved with the information provided in the plans.

The Contractor shall install a two-course seal coat.

Aggregate - First-course aggregate shall be Grade 3, Type B, or Type PB (applied at a minimum of 1 cy per 90 sy), and the second-course aggregate shall be Grade 4, Type PB (applied at a minimum of 1 cy per 100 sy).

Asphalt - AC-5 application rate shall be 0.25-0.35 g/sy (1st course) and 0.20-0.25 (2nd Course), or HFRS-2P application rate shall be 0.35-0.40 g/sy (1st course) and 0.30-0.35 (2nd Course)

The City of Santa Clara is not providing the Contractor with any temporary aggregate stockpiles locations outside the project area.

This item is paid by the square yard to include all work as specified, complete in place.

Item 360 - Concrete Pavement

The Contractor shall saw-cut joints within 6 to 12 hours of concrete placement.

Item 432 - Riprap

The contractor shall use class A reinforced concrete.

Item 460 - Corrugated Metal Pipe

The Contractor shall use galvanized steel circular corrugated metal pipe.

Item 464 - Reinforced Concrete Pipe

The Contractor shall furnish Class IV circular pipe.

Item 467 - Safety End Treatment

The Contractor shall install precast safety end treatment (Type II - Parallel Drainage) where shown on the plans.

Item 480 - Cleaning Existing Culverts

The Contractor shall clean all existing culverts shown on the plans, including existing culverts shown on N. Santa Clara Road and Youngsford Road.

The Contractor shall remove all materials from the inside of the existing driveway culvert pipes shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall remove blockage (dirt, debris, and vegetation) for an appropriate distance upstream and downstream of each culvert and create positive flow into and out of the culverts. The minimum slope is 1%.

The Contractor shall repair the partially crushed ends of existing corrugated metal pipes driveway culverts by reforming the metal to its original circular diameter, more or less.

Item 500 - Mobilization

The City of Santa Clara does not provide any staging areas outside the project site.

The project site is located within the existing right-of-way for Wetz Road (between Youngsford Road and Hillside Estates) and Santa Clara Loop.

The project site consists of the existing right-of-way of Wetz Road, Youngsford Road, Santa Clara Loop, N. Santa Clara Road, Brisco Road, and Cody Lane.

The City of Santa Clara is not supplying any staging areas outside the project site.

Item 502 - Barricades, Signs, and Traffic Handling

The Contractor shall always maintain access to all adjacent property and driveways during construction.

The Contractor shall maintain at least one open traffic lane during construction operations on Santa Clara Loop and Wetz Road, except where shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall contact and coordinate with landowners whose driveways will be closed due to construction. The Contractor shall inform the owner of the beginning and end of driveway closures and other miscellaneous driveway-related construction activities to minimize inconvenience to adjacent residents.

Before construction, the Contractor shall submit temporary One-Way traffic control plans to the engineer for approval. A professional engineer shall prepare the temporary traffic control plans for One-Way traffic handling per the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and other applicable design criteria.

The general traffic control approach for Santa Clara Loop:

Concrete Pavement - The Contractor may close Santa Clara Loop to create a work zone for the concrete pavement construction. The Contractor shall maintain two-lane, two-way traffic in all other areas.

Lime Treatment and Seal Coat - The Contractor may close half of the street and use the other half to maintain a one-lane, one-way traffic loop. This approach requires two traffic control sequences.

Miscellaneous - The Contractor may accomplish other work by establishing one-lane closures controlled by flagman.

The general traffic control approach for Wetz Road:

Lime Treatment and Seal Coat - The Contractor may close half the street and use the other half to maintain one-lane, two-way traffic. This approach may require portable traffic signals due to the limited site distance at the crest of Wetz Road. This approach requires at least two traffic control sequences.

Miscellaneous - The Contractor may accomplish other work by establishing one-lane closures controlled by flagman.

Item 506 - Temporary Erosion, Sediment, and Environmental Controls

See plans.

Item 510 - One-Way Traffic Control

The Contractor shall maintain at least one open traffic lane during construction operations using the flagger control method or portable traffic signals. Before construction, the Contractor shall submit temporary One-Way traffic control plans to the engineer for approval. A professional engineer shall prepare the temporary traffic control plans for One-Way traffic handling per the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and other applicable design criteria.

The measurement for this item shall be lump sum.

Item 530 - Intersections, Driveways, and Turnouts

The Contractor shall use Class A concrete to repair driveways and install concrete pavement.

The Contractor shall use flexible base material (Item 247) for gravel driveways.

Item 560 - Mailbox Assemblies

The Contractor shall preserve and protect all existing mailboxes during blading and roadside ditch construction. The Contractor shall not interfere with mail delivery. If necessary, the Contractor shall remove mailboxes in conflict with construction and reinstall the mailbox upon completion of construction. If the Contractor removes a mailbox, a temporary mailbox shall be provided until it is permanently re-installed.

Item 644 - Signs

San Plane

Item 760 - Cleaning and Reshaping Ditches

The Contractor shall clean and reshape both roadside ditches on Wetz Road as indicated on the plans. The Contractor removes material from the ditch where ponding occurs to create a freely draining ditch. Otherwise, the Contractor shall maintain existing ditch flowlines. The Contractor shall contact the engineer if specific grades and elevation are required to eliminate ponding.

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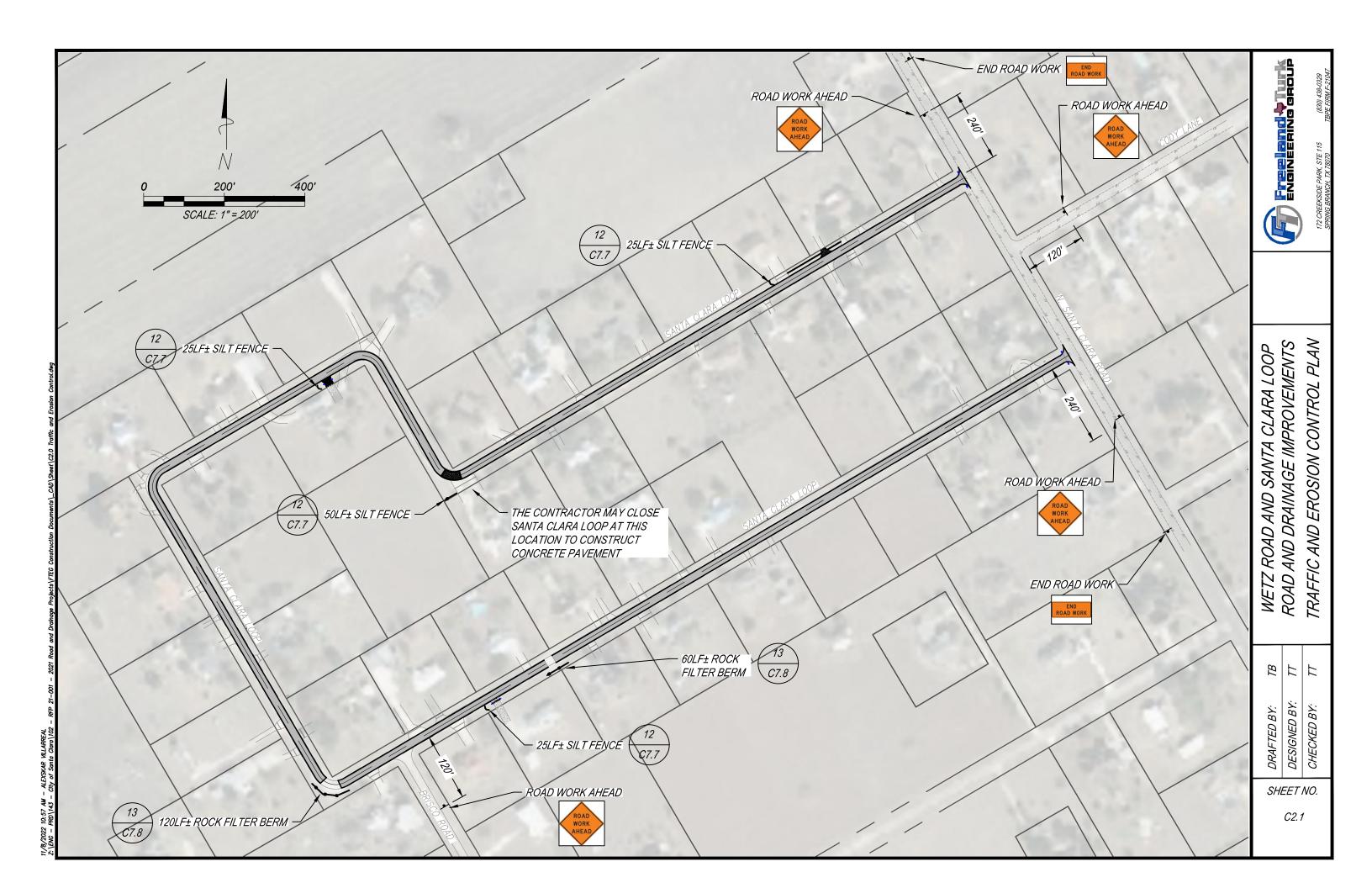
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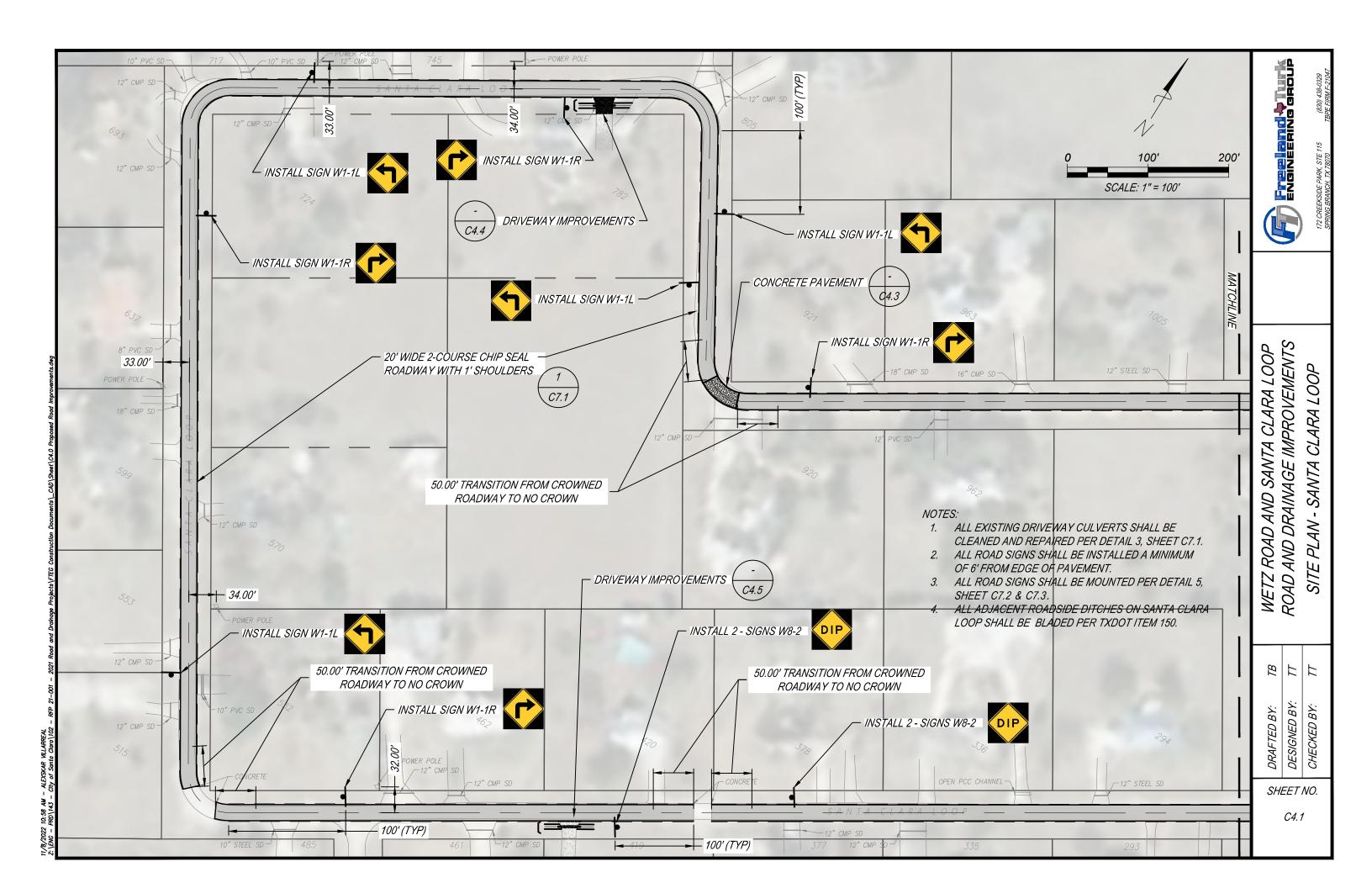
WETZ ROAD AND SANTA CLARA LOOP ROAD AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS STANDARD NOTES

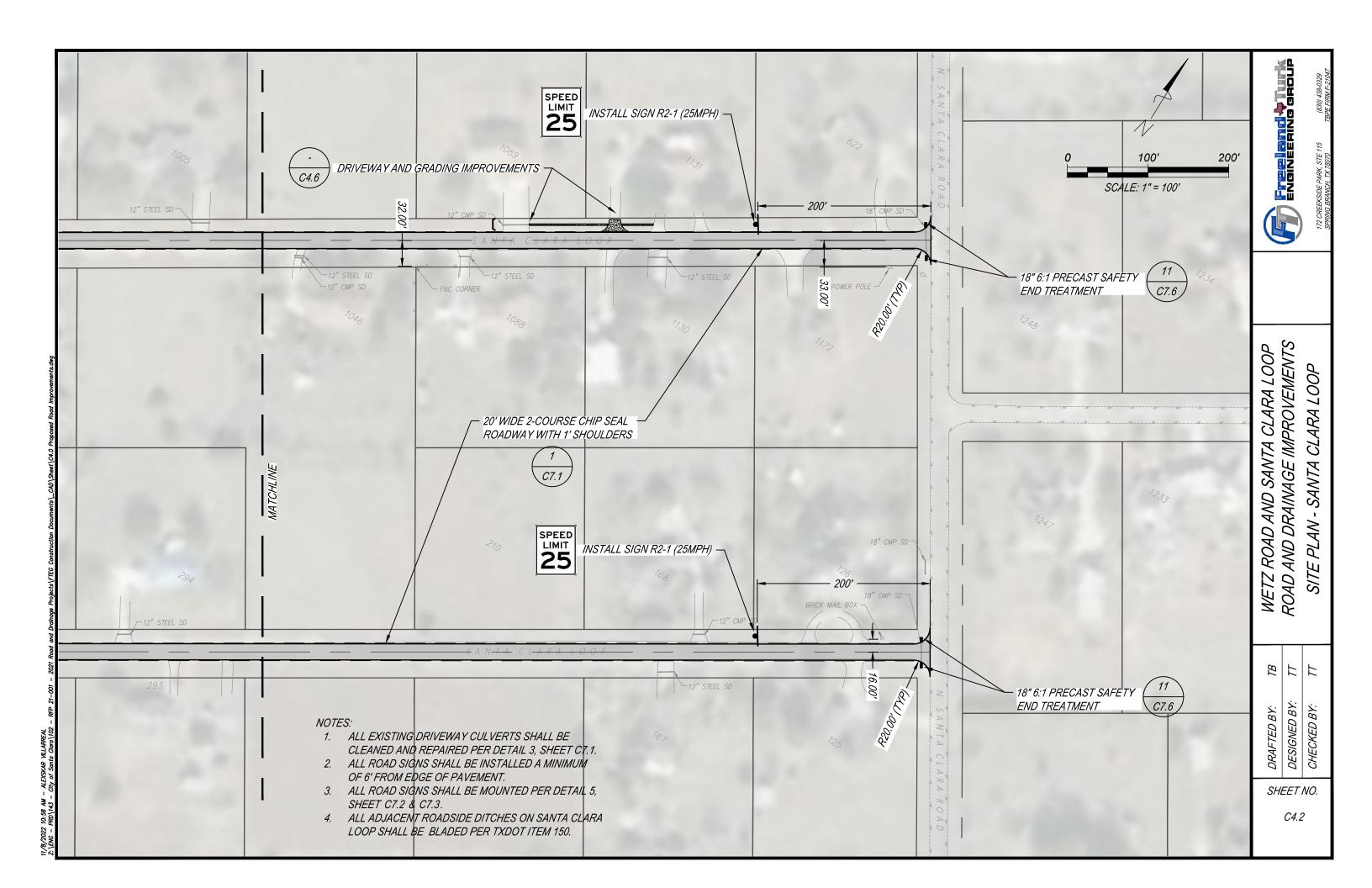
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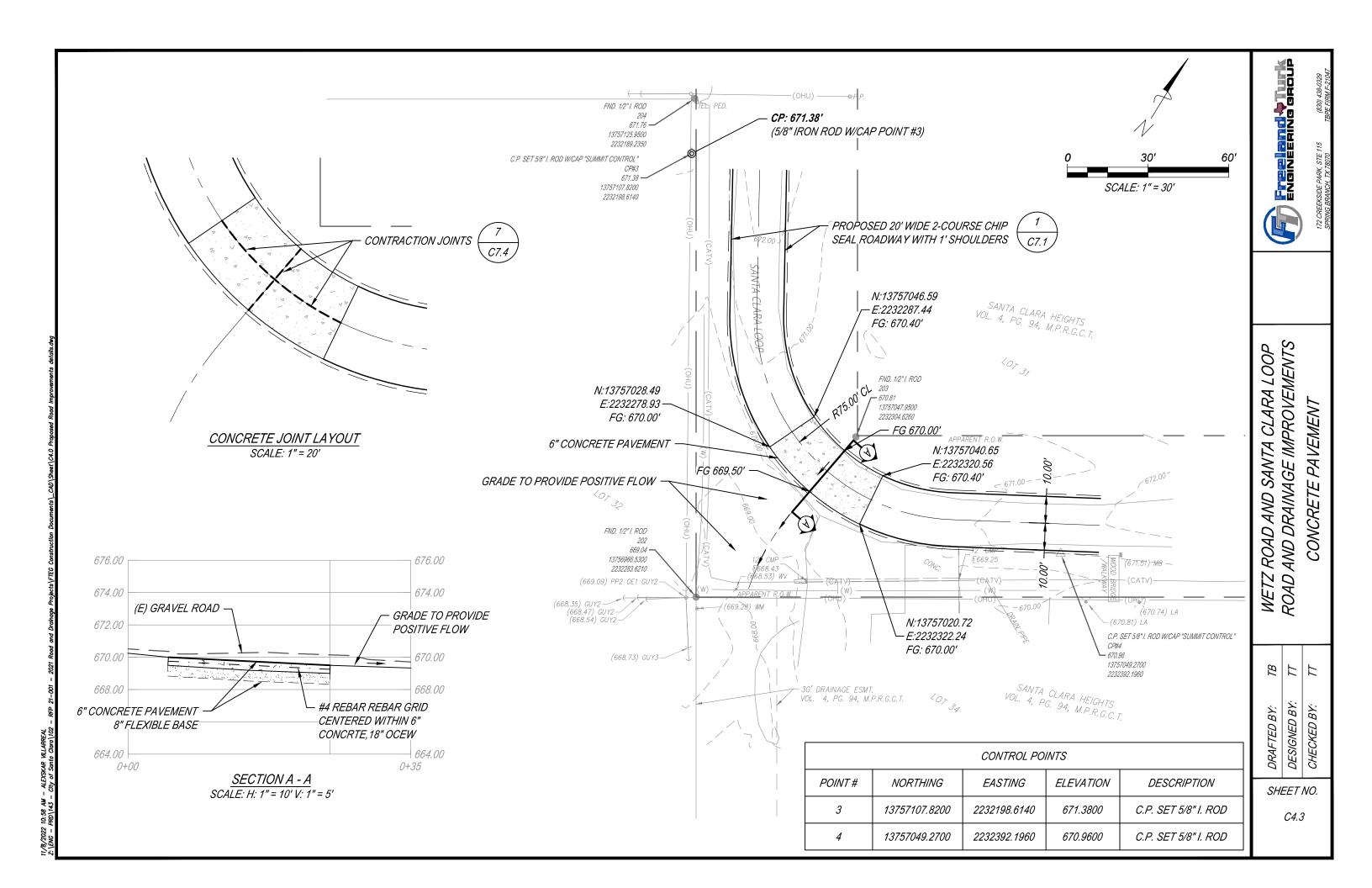
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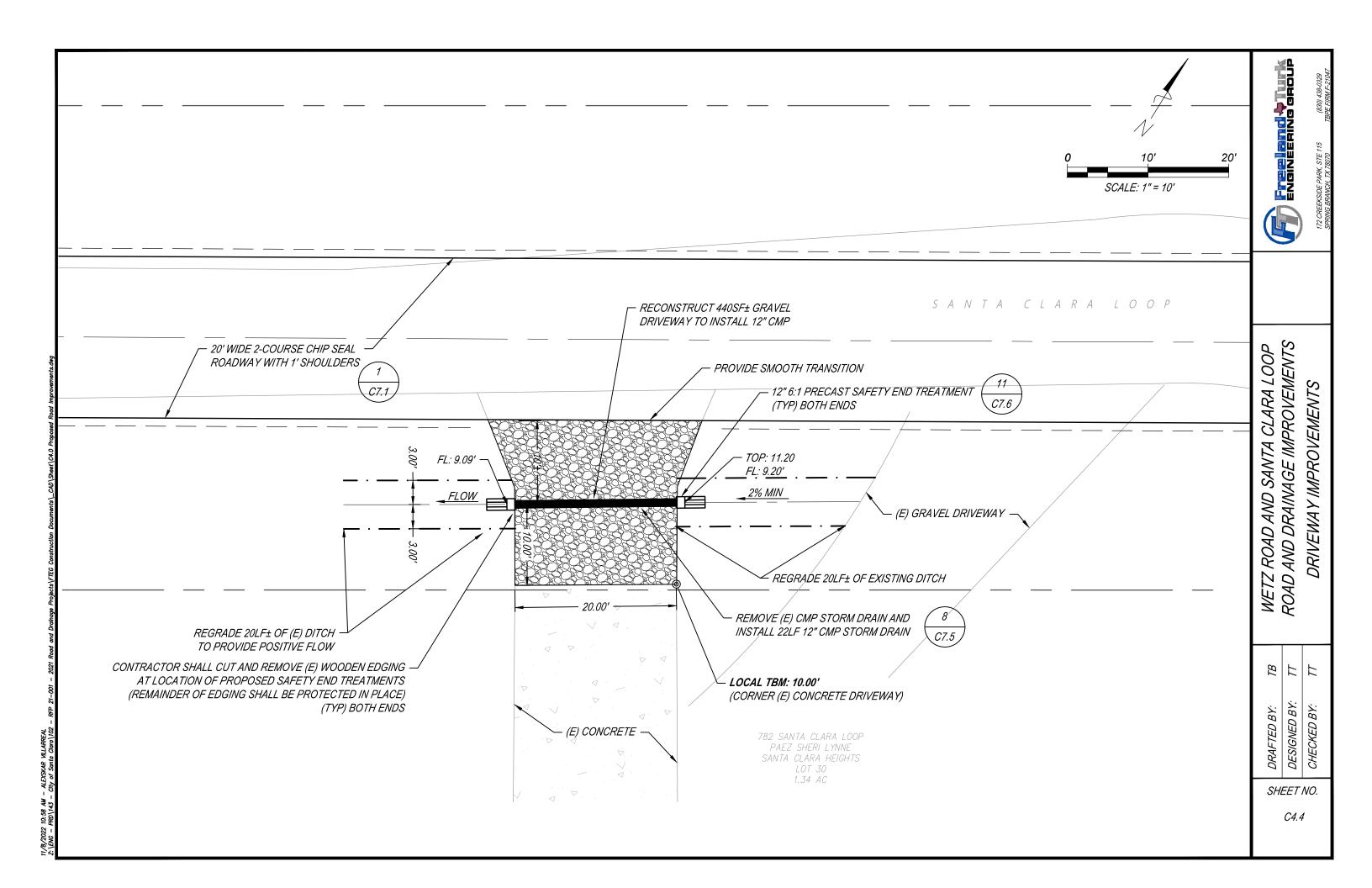
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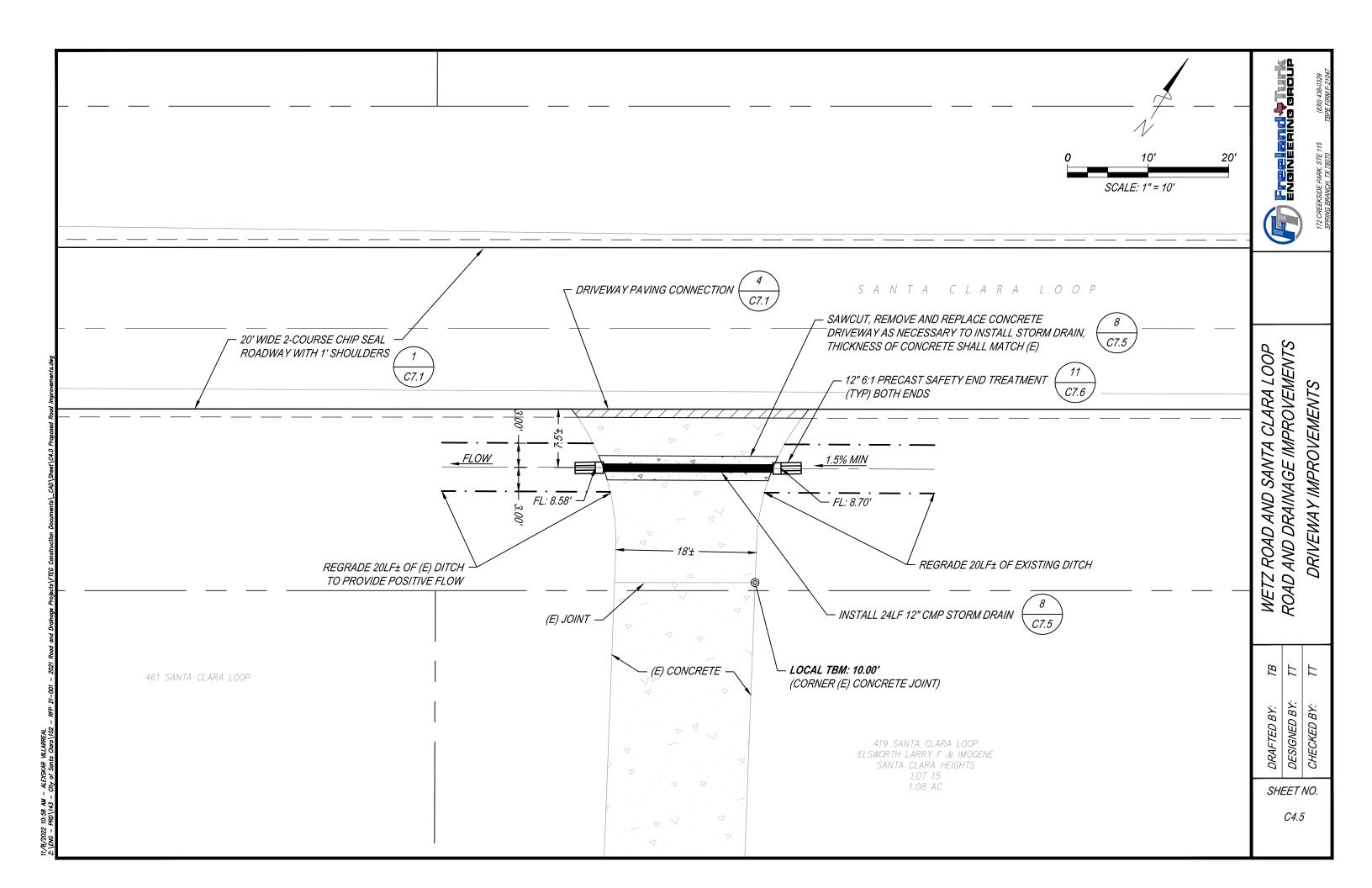


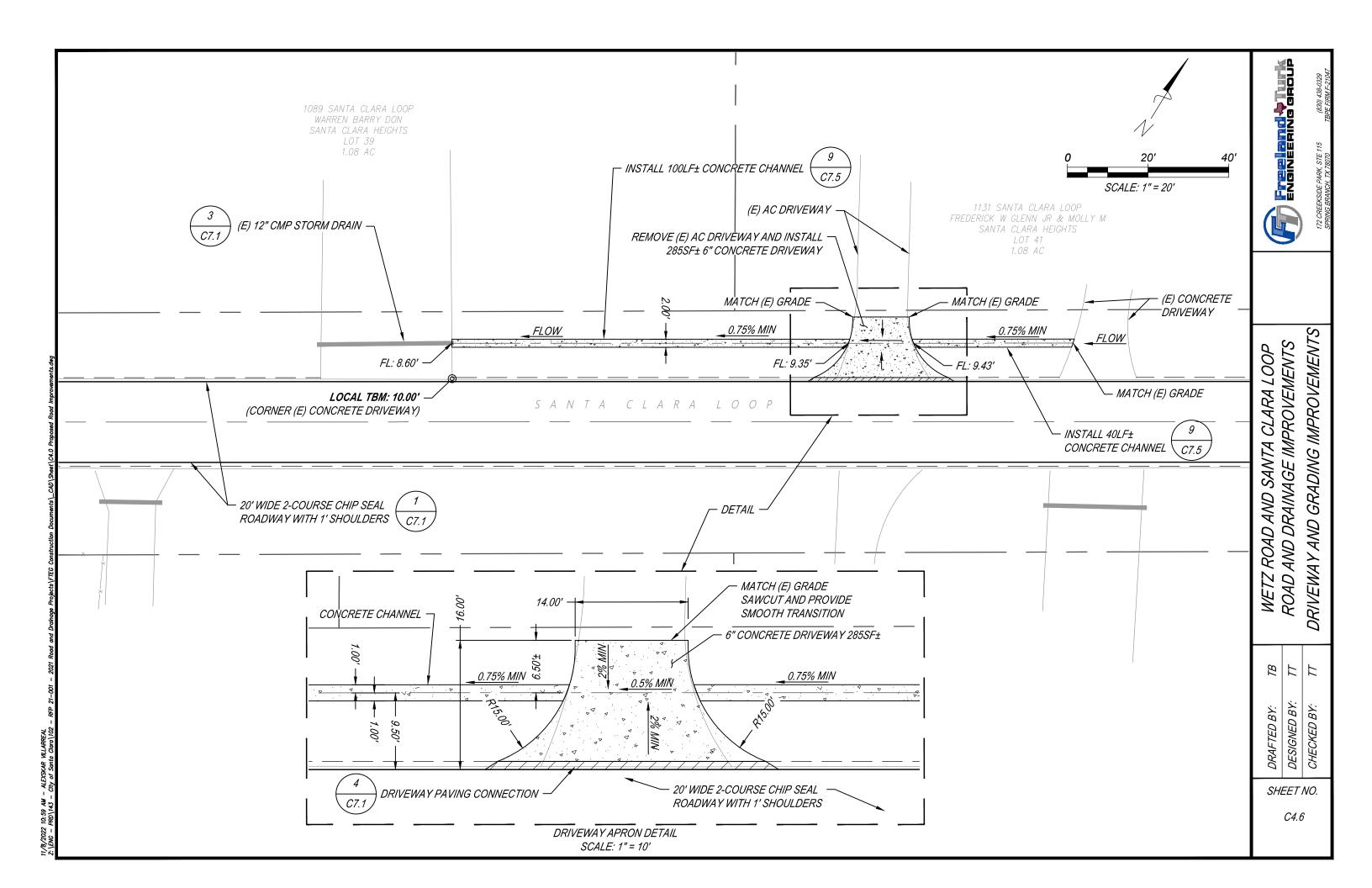


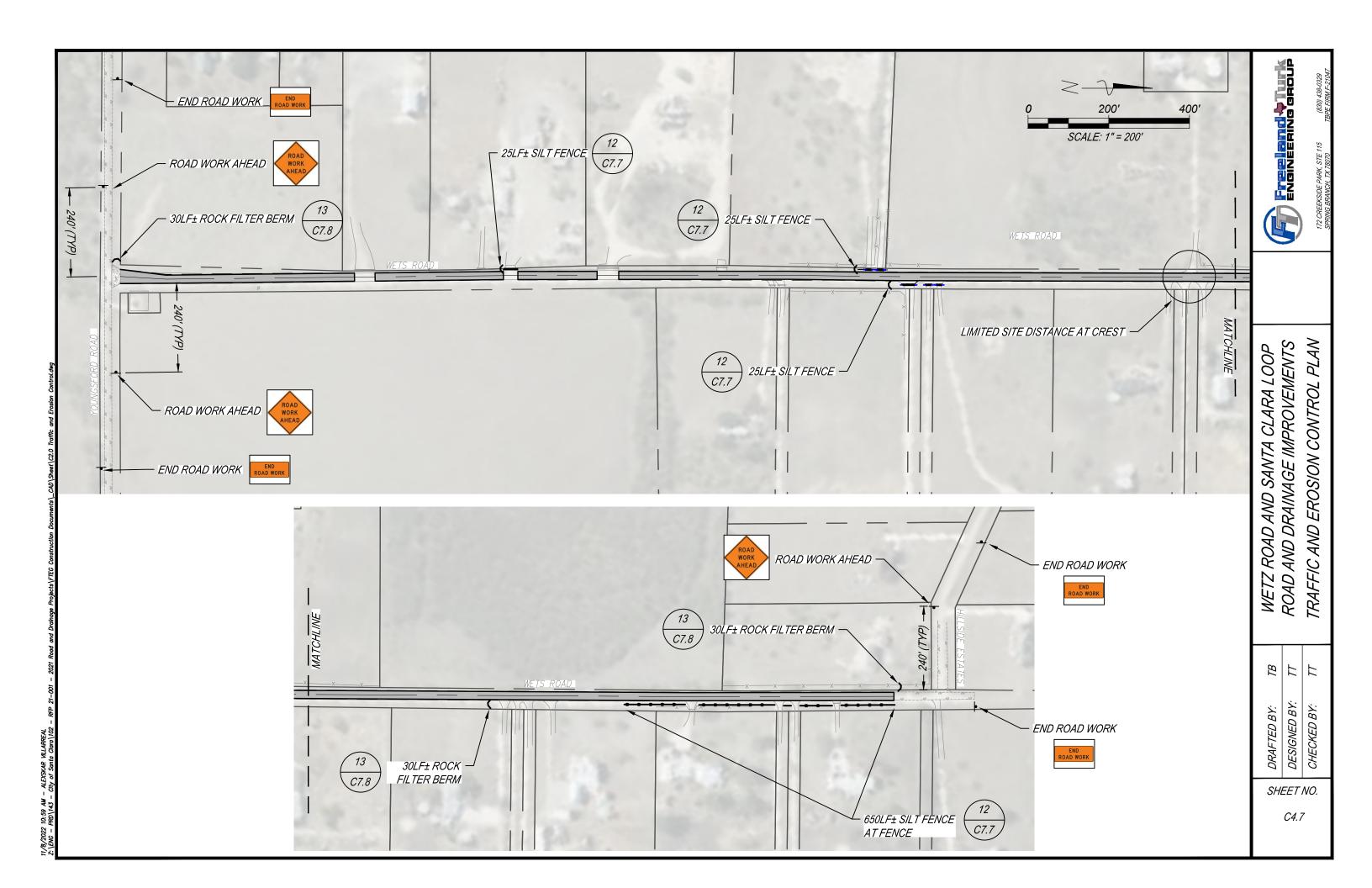


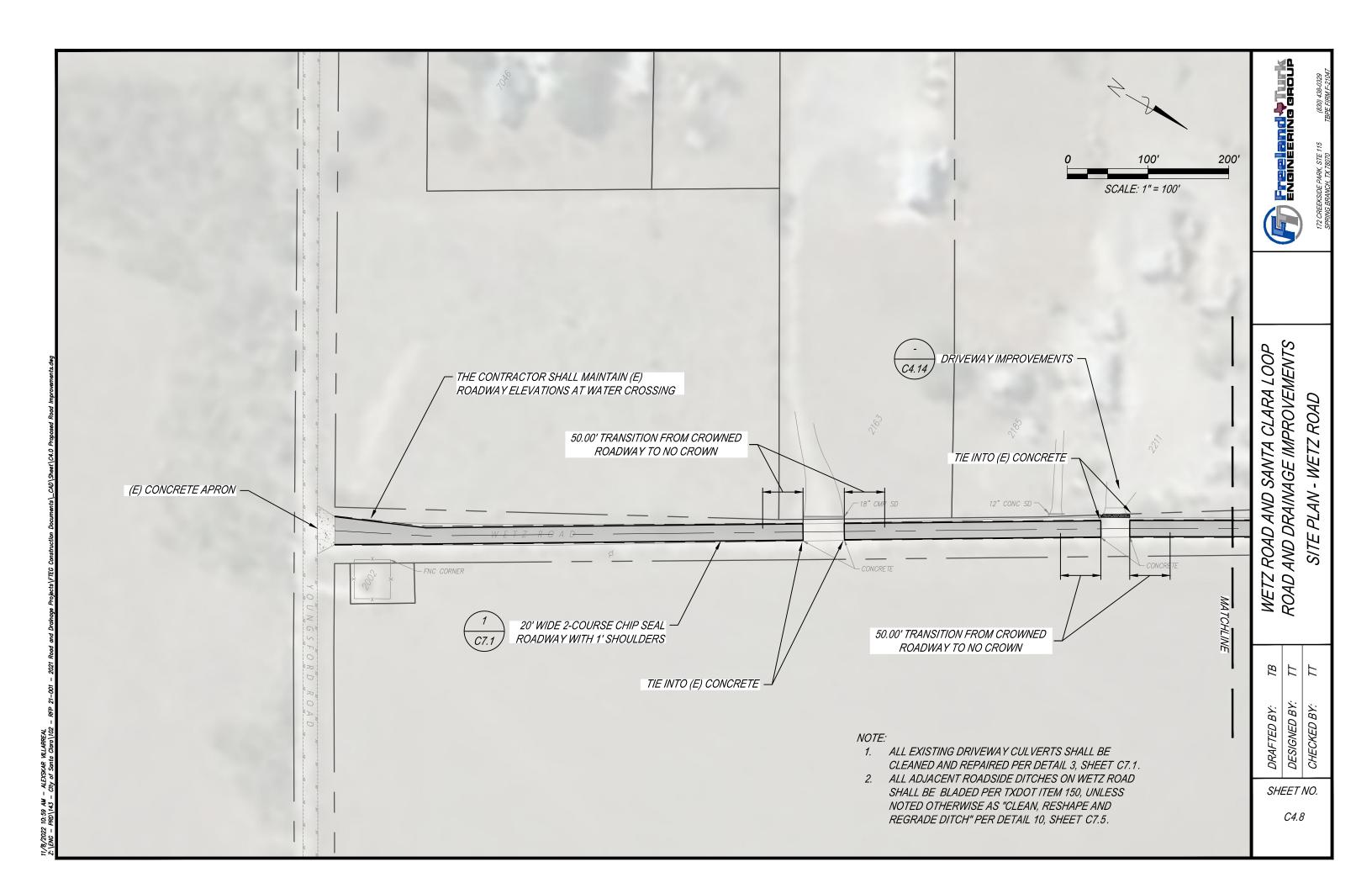


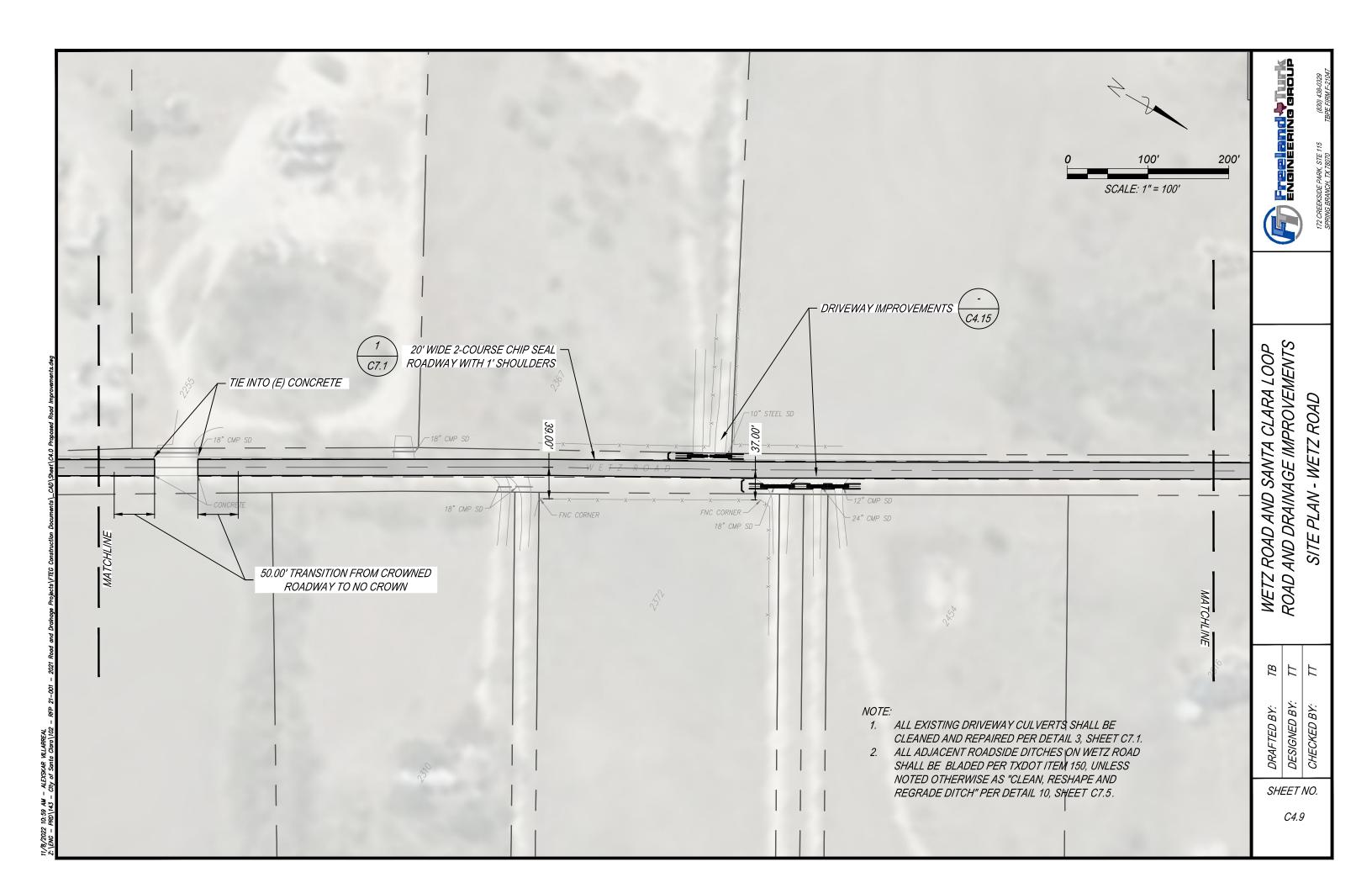


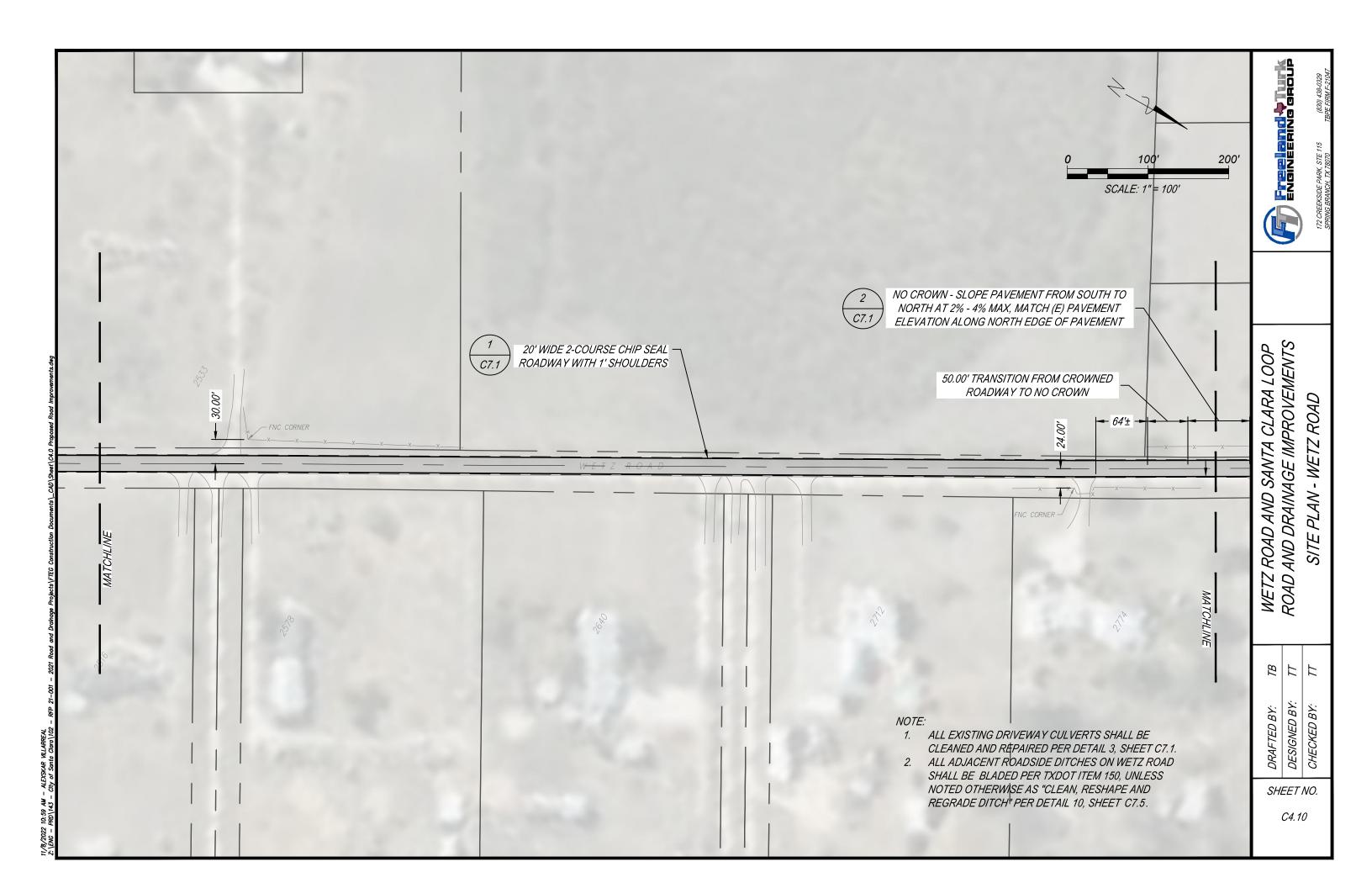


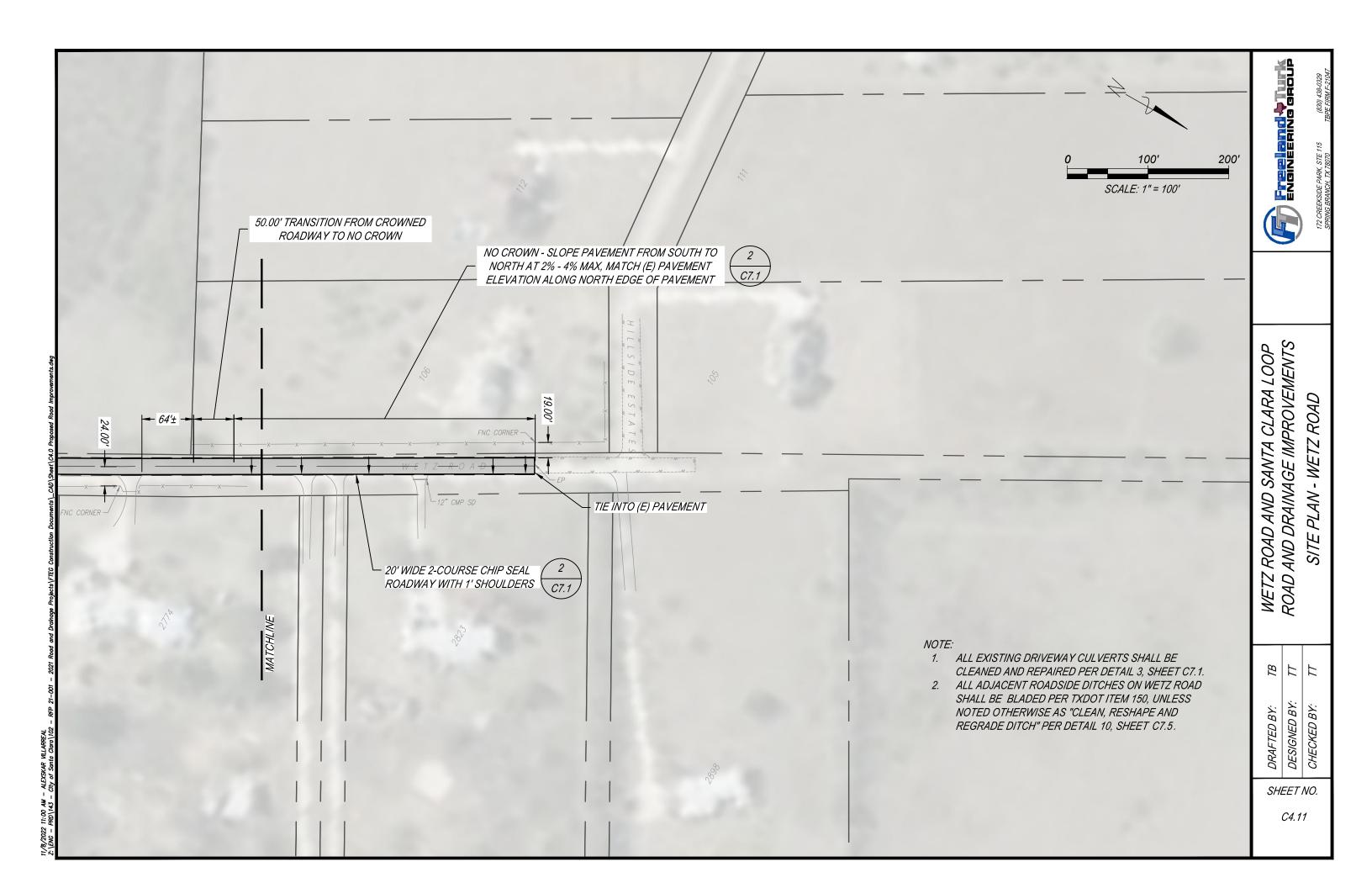


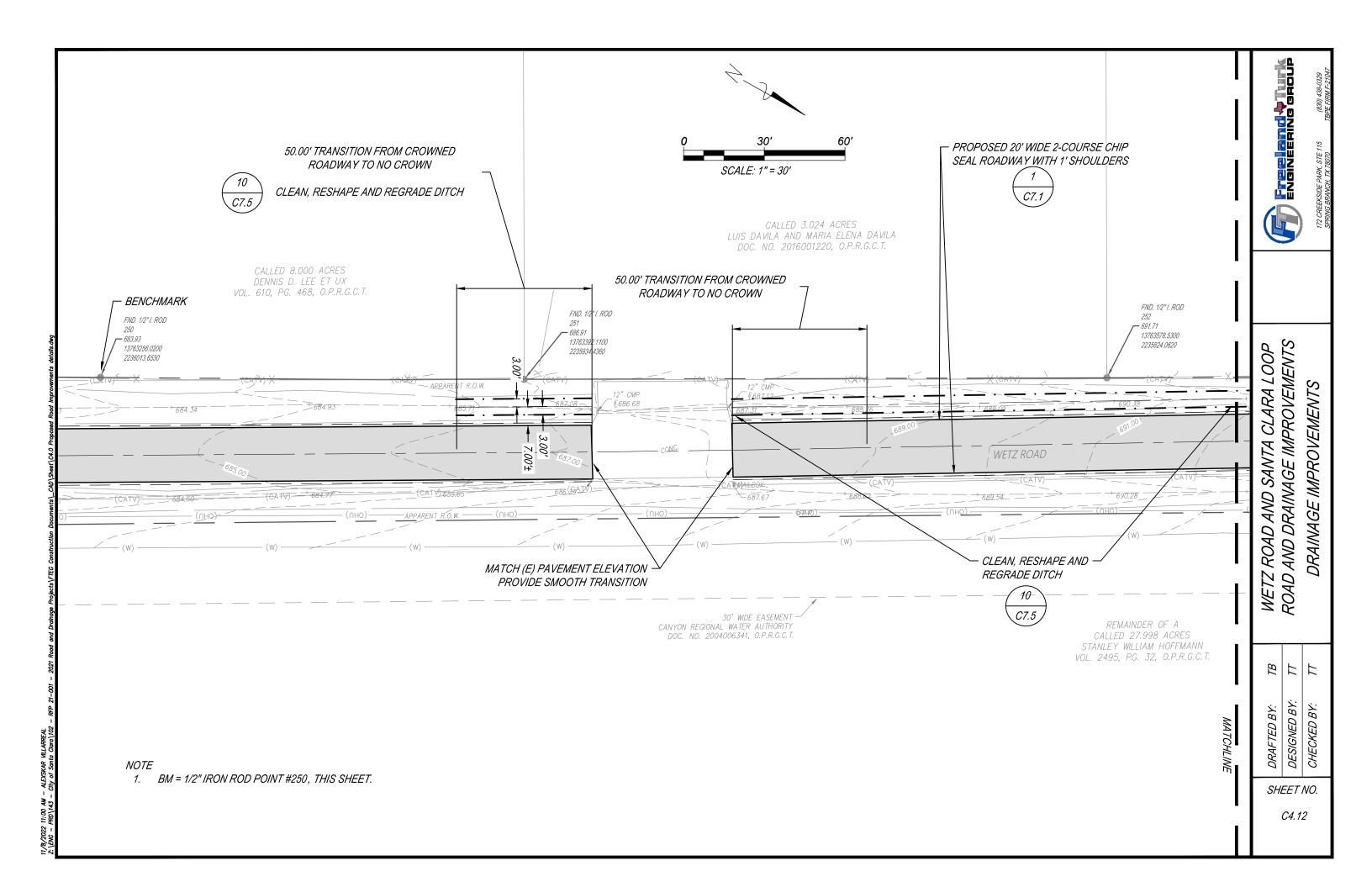


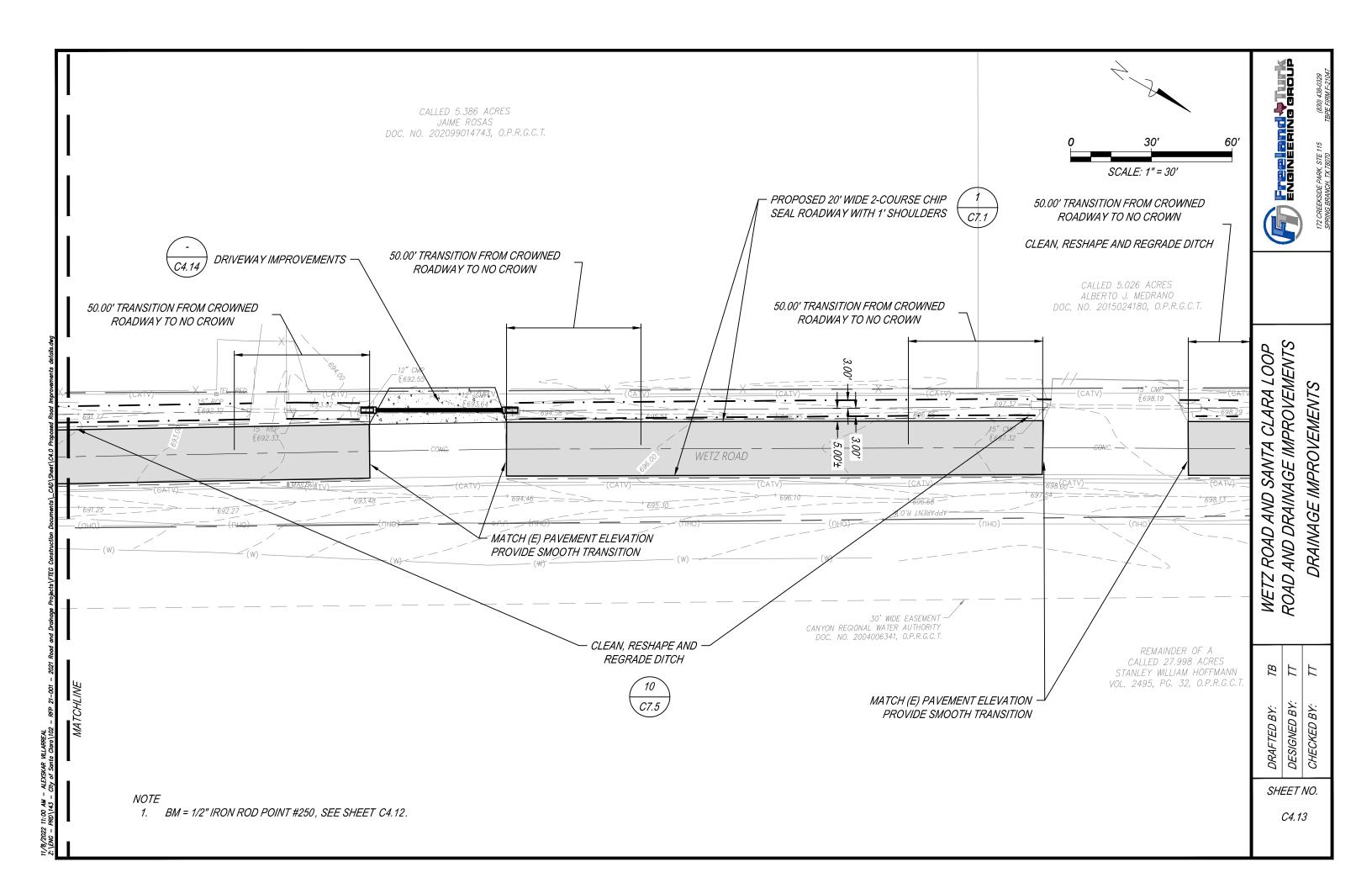


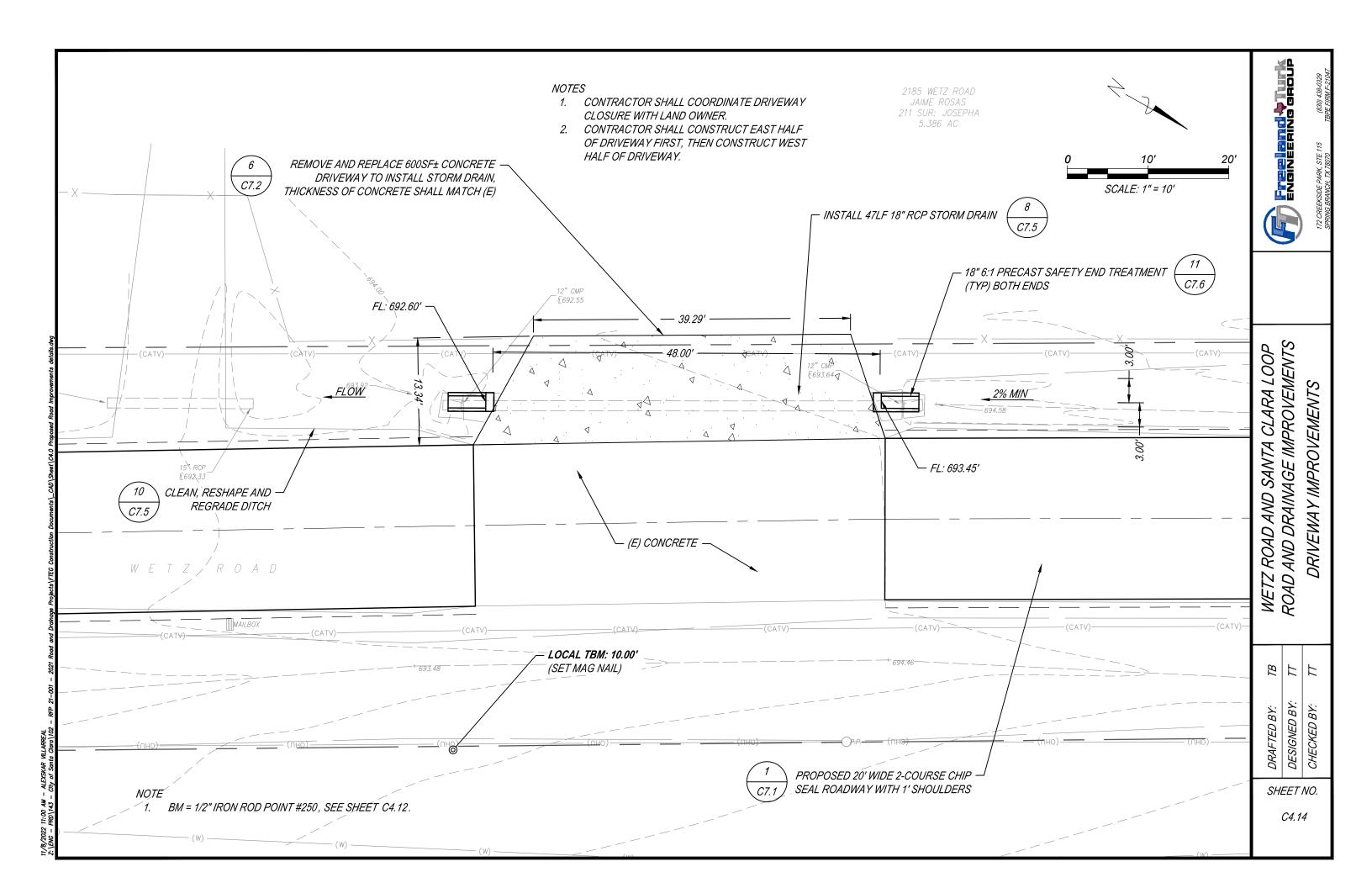


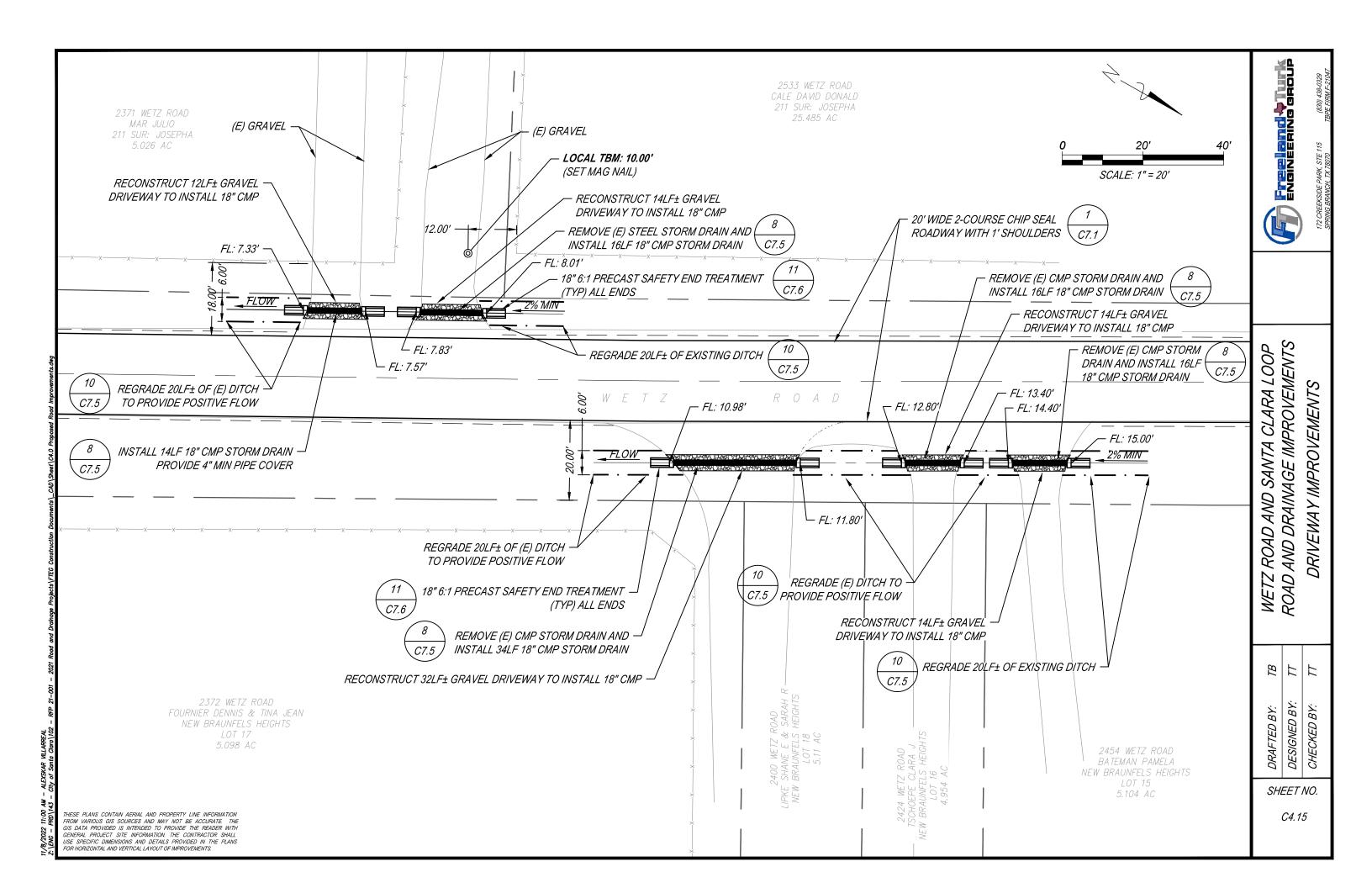


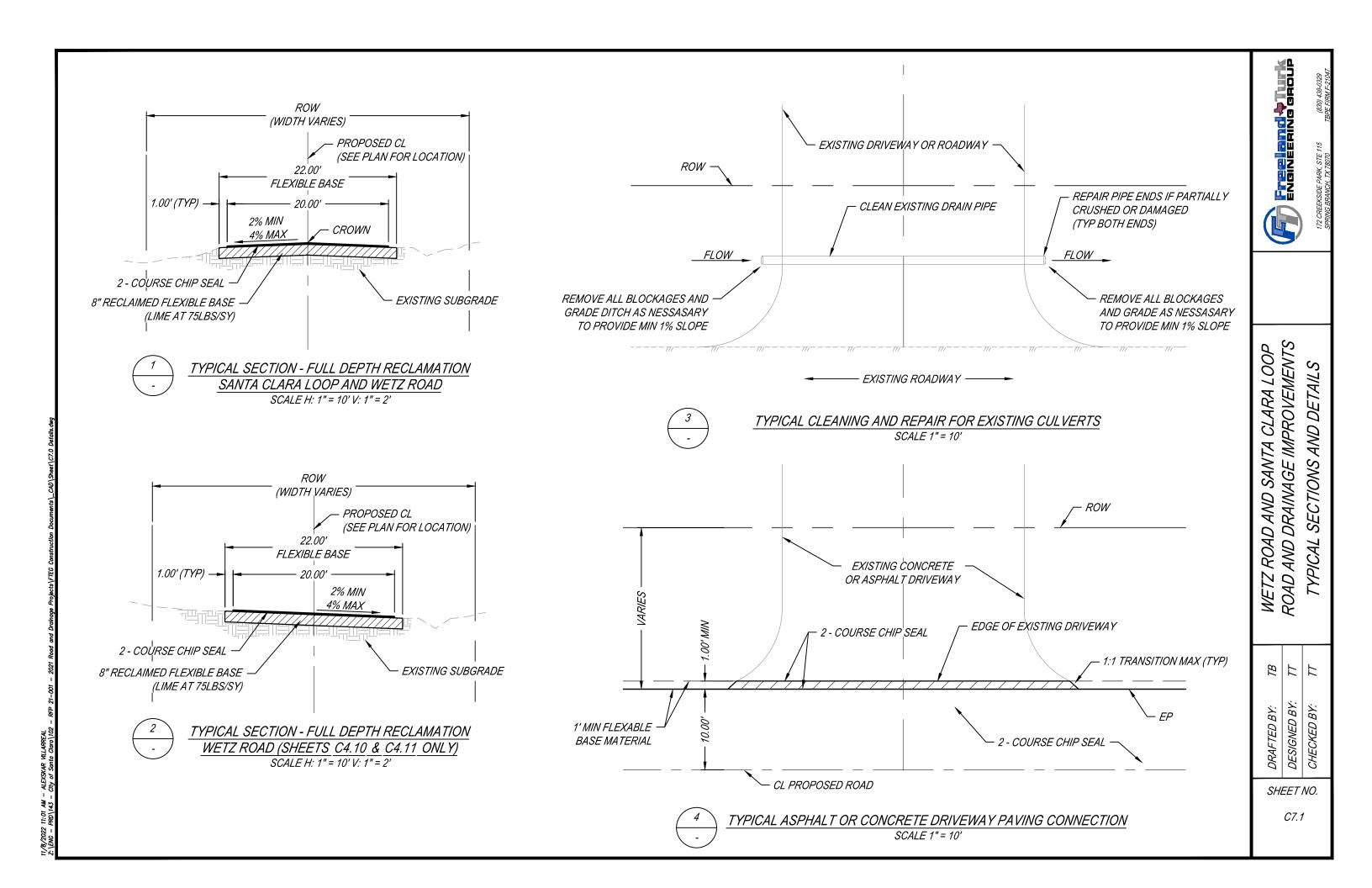












SIGN SUPPORT DESCRIPTIVE CODES (Descriptive Codes correspond to project estimate and quantities sheets)

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)XX(X-XXXX)

Post Type

FRP = Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic Pipe (see SMD(FRP)) TWT = Thin-Walled Tubing (see SMD(TWT)) 10BWG = 10 BWG Tubing (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

S80 = Schedule 80 Pipe (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

Number of Posts (1 or 2) -

Anchor Type

- UA = Universal Anchor Concreted (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
- Universal Anchor Bolted down (see SMD(FRP) and (TWT))
- Wedge Anchor Steel (see SMD(TWT)) WP = Wedge Anchor Plastic (see SMD(TWT))

No more than 2 sign

posts should be located

within a 7 ft. circle.

- Slipbase Concreted (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- SB = Slipbase Bolted Down (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))

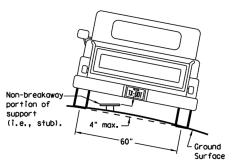
Sign Mounting Designation

- = Prefab. "Plain" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT), (FRP))
- T = Prefab. "T" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
 U = Prefab. "U" (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- 1EXT or 2EXT = Number of Extensions (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3), (TWT))
 BM = Extruded Wind Beam (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
 WC = 1.12 #/ft Wing Channel (see SMD(SLIP-1) to (SLIP-3))
- EXAL = Extruded Aluminum Sign Panels (see SMD(SLIP-3))

diameter

circle

REQUIRED CLEARANCE FOR BREAKAWAY SUPPORT



To avoid vehicle undercarriage snagging, any substantial remains of a breakaway support. when it is broken away, should not project more than 4 inches above a 60-inch chord (i.e., typical space between wheel paths).

> 7 ft. diameter

circle

Not Acceptable

Not Acceptable

SIGN LOCATION

PAVED SHOULDERS

BEHIND BARRIER

**Sign clearance based on distance required for proper guard rail or concrete barrier performance.

2 ft min**

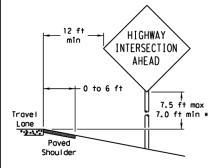
Travel

Maximum

possible

Travel

Shoulder



LESS THAN 6 FT. WIDE

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

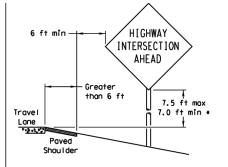
7.5 ft max

When the shoulder is 6 ft. or less in width, the sign must be placed at least 12 ft. from the edge of the travel lane.

- Guard

Raiı

BEHIND GUARDRAIL



GREATER THAN 6 FT. WIDE

When the shoulder is greater than 6 ft in width, the sign must be placed at least 6 ft. from the edge of the shoulder.

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

Concrete

Barrier

BEHIND CONCRETE BARRIER

RESTRICTED RIGHT-OF-WAY

(When 6 ft min. is not possible.)

HIGHWAY

INTERSECTION

AHEAD

7.5 ft max

7.5 ft mox 7.0 ft min * Trave

T-INTERSECTION

Free!and & Turk engineering group

AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

ROAD

DETAIL

SIGN MOUNTING

d007

CLARA

SANTA

ROAD AND

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BY:

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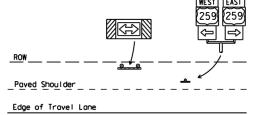
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BY:

CHECKED

When this sign is needed at the end of a two-lane, two way roadway, the right edge of the sign should be in line with the centerline of the roadway. Place as close to ROW as practical.

Shou I de





- * Signs shall be mounted using the following condition
- edge of the travel lane or
- (2) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the grade at the base of the support when sign is installed on the backslope.

The maximum values may be increased when directed by

See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps, Triangular Slipbase System

The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm

that results in the greatest sign elevation:

- (1) a minimum of 7 to a maximum of 7.5 feet above the

the Engineer.

components and Wedge Anchor System components.

26A

Texas Department of Transportation Traffic Operations Division

SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS **GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS**

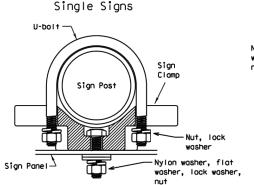
©TxDOT July 2002	DN: TXDOT		CK: TXDOT DW:		TXDOT	CK: TXDOT		
9-08 REVISIONS	CONT	SECT	JOB			HIGHWAY		
	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		

TYPICAL SIGN ATTACHMENT DETAIL

Not Acceptable

diameter

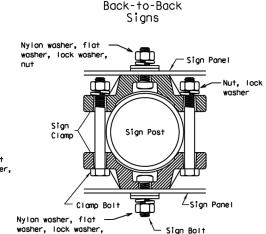
circle



Bolts used to mount sign panels to the clamp are 5/16-18 UNC galvanized square head with nut, nylon washer, flat washer and lock washer. The bolt length is 1 inch for aluminum.

When two sign clamps are used to mount signs back-to-back, use a 5/16-18 UNC adjunized hex head per ASTM A307 with nut and helical-spring lock washer. The approximate bolt lengths for various post sizes and sign clamp types are given in the table at right. The bolt length may need to be adjusted depending upon field conditions.

Sign clamps may be either the specific size clamp or the universal clamp.



Acceptable

diometer

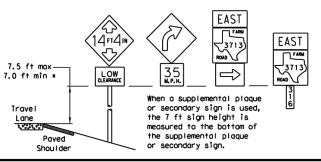
circle

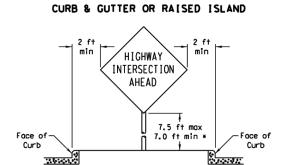
D1 D1	Approximate Bolt Length						
Pipe Diameter	Specific Clamp	Universal Clamp					
2" nominal	3"	3 or 3 1/2"					
2 1/2" nominal	3 or 3 1/2"	3 1/2 or 4"					
3" nomînal	3 1/2 or 4"	4 1/2"					

SIGNS WITH PLAQUES

Shou I der

5 ft min**





Shou I der Right-of-way restrictions may be created by rocks, water, vegetation, forest, buildings, a narrow island, or other

7.5 ft max 7.0 ft min *

In situations where a lateral restriction prevents the minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of the travel lane, signs should be placed as far from the travel lane as practical.

*** Post may be shorter if protected by guardrail or if Engineer determines the post could not be hit due to extreme

SIGN MOUNTING DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

SMD (GEN) - 08

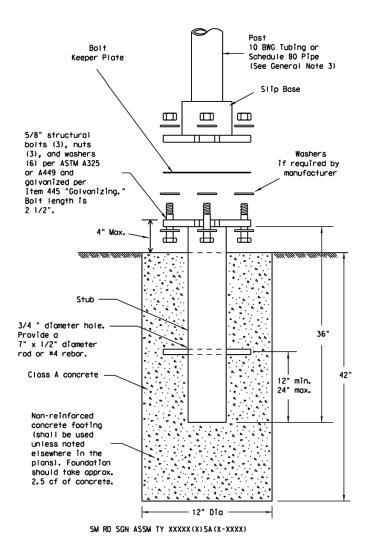
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WE7Z ROAD

SHEET NO. C7.3

SHEET NO.

TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE INSTALLATION GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



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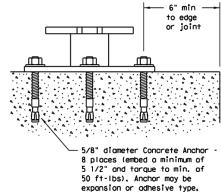
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NOTE

There are various devices approved for the Triangular Slipbase System. Please reference the Material Producer List for approved slip base systems. http://www.txdot.gov/business/producer list.htm The devices shall be installed per manufacturers' recommendations. Installation procedures shall be provided to the Engineer by Contractor.



diameter stud bolt with UNC series bolt threads on the upper end. Heavy hex nut per ASTM A563, and hardened washer per ASTM F436. The stud bolt shall have a minimum yield and ultimate tensile strength of 50 and 75 KSI, respectively. Nuts, bolts and washers shall be galvanized per Item 445, "Galvanizing. " Adhesive type anchors shall have stud bolts installed with Type III epoxy per DMS-6100, "Epoxies and Adhesives." Adhesive anchors may be loaded after adequate epoxy cure time per the manufacturer's recommendations. Top of bolt shall extend at least flush with top of the nut when installed. The anchor, when installed in 4000 psi normal weight concrete with a 5 1/2" minimum embedment, shall have a of 3900 and 3100 psi, respectively.

Concrete anchor consists of 5/8"

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. Slip base shall be permanently marked to indicate manufacturer. Method, design, and location of marking are subject to approval of the TXDOT Traffic Standards Engineer.

 2. Material used as post with this system shall conform to the following specifications:

10 BWG Tubing (2.875" outside diameter) 0.134" nominal wall thickness

Seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe Steel shall be HSLAS Gr 55 per ASTM A1011 or ASTM A1008

Other steels may be used if they meet the following: 55,000 PSI minimum yield strength

70,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

20% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.122" to 0.138" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.867" to 2.883"

Galvanization per ASTM A123 or ASTM A653 G210. For precoated steel tubing (ASTM A653), recoat

tube outside diameter weld seam by metallizing with zinc wire per ASTM B833. Schedule 80 Pipe (2.875" outside diameter)

0.276" nominal wall thickness

Steel tubing per ASTM A500 Gr C

Other seamless or electric-resistance welded steel tubing or pipe with equivalent

outside diameter and wall thickness may be used if they meet the following: 46.000 PSI minimum vield strength

62,000 PSI minimum tensile strength

21% minimum elongation in 2"

Wall thickness (uncoated) shall be within the range of 0.248" to 0.304" Outside diameter (uncoated) shall be within the range of 2.855" to 2.895"

Galvanization per ASTM A123

- 3. See the Traffic Operations Division website for detailed drawings of sign clamps and Texas Universal Triangular Slipbase System components. The website address is: http://www.txdot.gov/publications/traffic.htm
- 4. Sign supports shall not be spliced except where shown. Sign support posts shall not be spliced.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Foundation

- Prepare 12-inch diameter by 42-inch deep hole. If solid rock is encountered, the depth of the foundation may be reduced such that it is embedded a minimum of 18 inches into the solid rock.
- 2. The Engineer may permit batches of concrete less than 2 cubic yards to be mixed with a portable, motor-driven concrete mixer. For small placements less than 0.5 cubic yards, hand mixing in a suitable container may be allowed by Engineer. Concrete shall be Class A.
- 3. Push the pipe end of the slip base stub into the center of the concrete. Rotate the stub back and forth while pushing it down into the concrete to assure good contact between the concrete and stub. Continue to work the stub into the concrete until it is between 2 to 4 inches above the ground.
- 4. Plumb the stub. Allow a minimum of 4 days to set, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. 5. The triangular slipbase system is multidirectional and is designed to release when struck from any direction.

- 1. Cut support so that the bottom of the sign will be 7 to 7.5 feet above the edge of the travelway (i.e., edge of the closest lane) when slip plate is below the edge of povement or 7 to 7.5 feet above slip plate when the slip plate is above the edge of the travelway. The cut shall be plumb and
- 2. Attach sign to support using connections shown. When multiple signs are installed on the same support, ensure the minimum clearance between each sign is maintained. See SMD(SLIP-2) for clearances based on sign types.

CONCRETE ANCHOR

SM RD SGN ASSM TY XXXXX(X)SB(X-XXXX)

SIGN MOUNTING DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

SMD (SL IP-1) -08 © TxDOT July 2002 DN: TXDOT CK: TXDOT DW: TXDOT CK: TXDO JOB HIGHWAY 9-08

DIST

Texas Department of Transportation

Traffic Operations Division

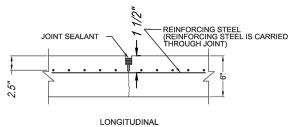
SIGN MOUNTING DETAILS

SMALL ROADSIDE SIGNS

TRIANGULAR SLIPBASE SYSTEM

26B

TRANSVERSE



CONTRACTION JOINT

(REINFORCED PAVEMENT)

WETZ ROAD AND SANTA CLARA LOOP ROAD AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS CONCRETE JOINT DETAILS CONCRETE JOINT DETAILS

NOT TO SCALE 8 | 1 | 1 DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY:

Freeland & Turk engineering group

SHEET NO.

C7.4

MATCH DRIVEWAY MATERIAL IN KIND

(E) CONCRETE, AC OR

GRAVEL DRIVEWAY

BEDDING MATERIAL

PIPE

6" X 6" 10GA REINFORCING WIRE

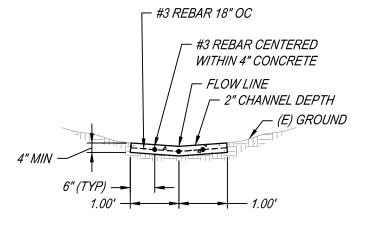
MESH FOR CONCRETE AND ASPHLAT

DRIVEWAYS TO PROVIDE SMOOTH TRANSITION

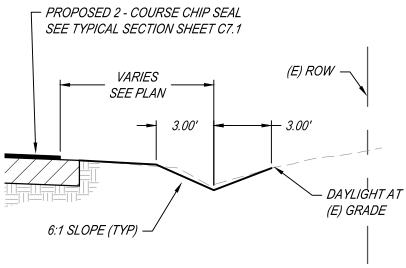
6" MIN PIPE COVER

DIA VARIES - SEE PLAN











1 Dimension "D" is based on Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP) meeting the requirements of ASTM C-76, Class III, (RCP Wall "B" thickness). Adjust "D" for any other wall thickness used. For Thermoplastic Pipe (TP) take into account the annular space requirements for grouted connections.

- (2) Slope as shown elsewhere in the plans. Slope of 6:1 or flatter is required for vehicle safety.
- 3 Toewall to be used only when dimension is shown elsewhere in the plans.
- Fill the top 4" of void between precast end treatments with concrete riprap. Concrete riprap is considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment".
- (5) Adjust clear distance between pipes to provide for the minimum distance between safety end treatments.
- 6 Provide cement stabilized bedding and backfill in accordance with the Item, "Excavation and Backfill for Structures". Bedding and backfill is considered subsidiary to the Item "Safety End Treatment". When concrete riprap is specified around the safety end treatment, backfill as directed by Engineer.
- 7 Thermoplastic pipe wall thickness may vary. Adjust accordingly. Thermoplastic pipe requires the safety end treatments to have a bell end for grouted connections.

GENERAL NOTES:

Precast safety end treatment for reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), and thermoplastic pipe (TP) may be used for TYPE II end treatment as specified in Item "Safety End Treatment".

When precent cafety and treatment is used as a Contractor's alternature.

When precast safety end treatment is used as a Contractor's alternate to mitered RCP, riprap will not be required unless noted otherwise on the plans.

Synthetic fibers listed on the "Fibers for Concrete" Material Producer List (MPL) may be used in lieu of steel reinforcing in riprap concrete unless noted otherwise.

Manufacture this product in accordance with Item "Safety End Treatment"

except as noted below :

A. Provide minimum reinforcing of #4 at 6" (Grade 40)
or #4 at 9" (Grade 60) each way or 6"x6" – D12 x D12

or 5"x5" - D10 x D10 welded wire reinforcement (WWR). B. For precast (steel formed) sections, provide Class "C" concrete (fix = 3,600 psi). At the option and expense of the Contractor the next larger size of

safety end treatment may be furnished; as long as the "D" dimension cast is that of the required size of pipe. Pipe runners are designed for a traversing load of 10,000 Lbs at yield

as recommended by Research Report 280-2F, "Safety Treatment of Roadside Parallel-Drainage Structures", Texas Transportation Institute, March 1981. Provide pipe runners meeting the requirements of ASTM A53 (Type E or S Grade B), ASTM A500 (Grade B), or API 5LX52.

Galvanize all steel components except reinforcing steel after fabrication. Repair galvanizing damaged during transport or construction in accordance with the specifications.

Connect RCP using the Optional Joint for RCP detail shown or in accordance with Item 464 "Reinforced Concrete Pipe". Connect TP by grouting. See PBGC standard for grouted connections with TP and precast safetv end treatment.



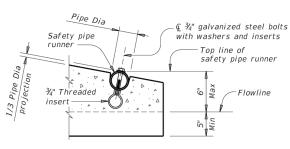
PSET-SP

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©TxDOT February 2010	CONT	SECT	J0B			HIGH	HWAY	
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11-10: Add note for synthetic fibers. 09-18: Added Thermoplastic Pipe in table.	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET NO.		

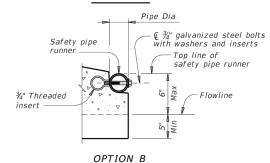
Pipe Dia Safety pipe runner ¾" galvanized steel bolts with washers and inserts ¾" Threaded

INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)



OPTION A



END DETAILS FOR INSTALLATION OF SAFETY PIPE RUNNERS

(If required)

<u>6"</u> 5 Reinforcing to have Cement stabilized bedding and backfill 6 MULTIPLE PIPE INSTALLATION OPTION WITH SQUARE BOTTOM SECTION A-A

Unit Length Varies

Eq Spa at 24" Max

PLAN

(Showing bell end connection)

Safety pipe runner

Top face of safety end treatment

Optional casting line for toewall

(Typ) (if required)

LONGITUDINAL ELEVATION

Flowline

~ ← € Safetv

pipe runner

Safety Pipe

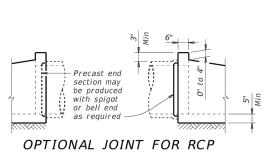
Runners (if required)

1'-0"

Ontional

step slope

Invert OPTION WITH INVERT BOTTOM



PIPE I.D.

12"

15"

18"

24"

30"

36"

42"

WALL "B" HICKNESS

2.25"

2.50"

3.50

4.50

WALL

1.15"

1.30"

1.60"

1.95"

2.65"

2.75"

N/A

(Showing joint between RCP and precast safety end treatment)

PRECAST SAFTY END TREATMENT NOT TO SCALE

TB BY. BY:

Free and & Turk endineering group

IMPROVEMENTS

AND DRAINAGE

ROAD.

TREATMENT DETAIL

END

SAFTY,

CLARA LOOP

SANTA

AND

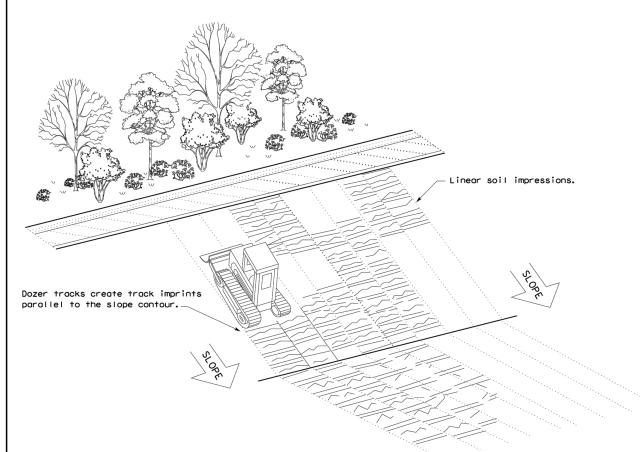
ROAD,

DESIGNED BY: CHECKED

SHEET NO. C7.6

erosion from a drainage area larger than 2 acres.

- 1. Vertical tracking is required on projects where soil distributing activities have occurred unless otherwise approved.
- 2. Perform vertical tracking on slopes to temporarily stabilize soil.
- Provide equipment with a track undercarriage capable of producing linear soil impressions measuring a minimum of 12" in length by 2" to 4" in width by 1/2" to 2" in depth.
- 4. Do not exceed 12" between track impressions.
- 5. Install continous linear track impressions where the minimum 12" length impressions are perpendicular to the slope or direction of water flow.



VERTICAL TRACKING



TEMPORARY EROSION. SEDIMENT AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FENCE & VERTICAL TRACKING

EC(1)-16

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LEGEND

—(SCF)-

Embed posts 18" min.

or Anchor if in rock.

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS -

Free and Turk engineering group

AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS CLARA LOOP DETAIL. SANTA EROSION CONTROL ROAD AND

77

ROAD,

DESIGNED BY: CHECKED BY: BY:

SHEET NO.

C7.7

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C7.8

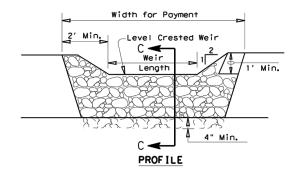
Galvanized Woven Wire Mesh (for Types 2 & 3) Width for payment SEE NOTE 6 FILTER DAM AT CHANNEL SECTIONS

FILTER DAM AT SEDIMENT TRAP



Excavation (If shown on

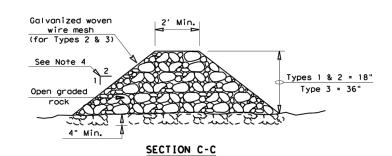
construction drawings)



Flow

Earth embankment

A "V" Shape may be used for higher velocity flows. (See "V" Shape Plan View below)



ROCK FILTER DAM USAGE GUIDELINES

to intercept sediment from overland runoff and/or concentrated flow.

The dams should be sized to filter a maximum flow through rate of 60 GPM/FT² of cross sectional area. A 2 year storm frequency may be used to calculate the flow rate.

Type 1 (18" high with no wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 1 may be used at the toe of slopes, around inlets, in small ditches, and at dike or on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Type 2 (18" high with wire mesh) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 2 may be used in ditches and at dike or swale outlets.

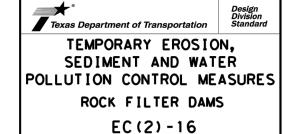
Type 5: Provide rock filter dams as shown on plans.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. If shown on the plans or directed by the Engineer, filter dams should be placed near the toe of slopes where erosion is anticipated, upstream and/or downstream at drainage structures, and in roadway ditches and channels to collect sediment.
- Materials (aggregate, wire mesh, sandbags, etc.) shall be as indicated by the specification for "Rock Filter Dams for Erosion and Sedimentation
- 3. The rock filter dam dimensions shall be as indicated on the SW3P plans.
- Side slopes should be 2:1 or flatter. Dams within the safety zone shall have sideslopes of 6:1 or flatter.
- 5. Maintain a minimum of 1' between top of rock filter dam weir and top of embankment for filter dams at sediment traps.
- 6. Filter dams should be embedded a minimum of 4" into existing ground.
- 7. The sediment trap for ponding of sediment laden runoff shall be of the dimensions shown on the plans.
- Rock filter dam types 2 & 3 shall be secured with 20 gauge galvanized woven wire mesh with 1" diameter hexagonal openings. The aggregate shall be placed on the mesh to the height & slopes specified. The mesh shall be folded at the upstream side over the aggregate and tightly secured to itself on the downstream side using wire ties or hog rings. For in stream use, the mesh should be secured or staked to the stream bed prior to aggregate placement.
- Sack Gabions should be staked down with $rac{y}{4}$ " dia. rebar stakes, and have a double-twisted hexagonal weave with a nominal mesh opening of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ "
- 10. Flow outlet should be onto a stabilized area (vegetation, rock, etc.).
- 11. The guidelines shown hereon are suggestions only and may be modified by the Engineer.

PLAN SHEET LEGEND





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	DIST	COUNTY				SHEET	NO.

2' Dia.

SECTION A-A

Unconcentrated

Sheet Flow

□ Ditch Flow

"V" SHAPE

PLAN VIEW

¾" Dia.

SECTION B-B

Galvanized Steel

Wire Mesh

Rebar Stakes

3:1 Max.

Léngth fór payment

FILTER DAM AT TOE OF SLOPE

RFD1

Sack Gabions

Direction

of Flow

PLAN VIEW

Galvanized Steel

3'. 6' or 9

TYPE 4 (SACK GABIONS)

RFD4

Toe of slope

Native rock or other

3:1 Max.

suitable material

Rock Filter Dams should be constructed downstream from disturbed areas

swale outlets. This type of dam is recommended to control erosion from a drainage area of 5 acres or less. Type 1 may not be used in concentrated high velocity flows (approximently 8 Ft/Sec or more) in which aggregate wash out may occur. Sandbags may be used at the embedded foundation (4" deep min.) for better filtering efficiency of low flows if called for

Type 3 (36" high with wire mesh) (4" to 8" aggregate): Type 3 may be used in stream flow and should be secured to the stream bed.

Type 4 (Sack gabions) (3" to 6" aggregate): Type 4 May be used in ditches and smaller channels to form an erosion control dam.

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

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standard is goveresponsibility

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Proct

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Engineer of this a

Optional Sandbags

(See Usage Guidelines)

NOT TO SCALE