# CITY OF SANTA CLARA, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022** 





# CITY OF SANTA CLARA, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

# CITY OFFICIALS

MAYOR	JEFF HUNT
CITY COUNCIL	MARIAN CARTY
	ERNEST SCHOENEFELDT
	DANNY TRAMMELL
	JIM FOLBRE
	LYNETTE SIERER
CITY SECRETARY	DONNA WHITE
ATTORNEY	THE AKERS LAW FIRM

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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# Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Mayor and City Council City of Santa Clara, Texas

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the City of Santa Clara, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Santa Clara, Texas's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the City of Santa Clara, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Santa Clara, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Santa Clara, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Santa Clara, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Santa Clara, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Santa Clara, Texas's basic financial statements. The comparative fund statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative fund statements are the responsibility of management and are derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

May 15, 2023

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of the City of Santa Clara's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The City's net position was \$3.15 million at September 30, 2022, an increase of \$388 thousand.
- The City's total revenues were \$1.1 million. The previous year's revenues were \$591 thousand. The primary reasons for the increase were the American Rescue Plan Grant, the construction defect settlement, the increase in permit fees and the increase in municipal court revenue.
- The City's expenses were \$690 thousand compared to \$336 thousand in the prior year. This increase was due primarily to the growing municipal court and police departments.

### Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information. The Statements of Net Position and Activities provide information on the City as a whole with a focus on economic resources. The city's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – is a way to measure financial health or financial position. The fund financial statements present the City's operations with a focus on financial resources.

### *Government-wide Statements* Statement of Net Position

Table 1 shows summarized assets and liabilities of the City and is presented on the accrual basis. The total net position was \$3.15 million at September 30, 2022.

Table	1		
City of Sant	a Cla	ra	
Statement of N	et Pos	sition	
		2022	 2021
Current Assets	\$	1,832,247	\$ 1,364,599
Capital Assets		1,509,960	 1,533,312
Total Assets		3,342,207	 2,897,911
Current Liabilities		193,289	119,870
Long-Term Liabilities		-	 17,494
Total Liabilities		193,289	 137,364
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,492,466	1,496,686
Restricted		5,000	39,927
Unrestricted Assets		1,651,452	1,223,934
Total Net Position	\$	3,148,918	\$ 2,760,547

### **Statement of Activities**

Table 2 summarizes the expenses and revenues of the City and is also presented on the accrual basis. General Revenues consist primarily of payments from Calpine and Ad Valorem Taxes. The City also received a bond payment for a construction defect settlement in the current year.

Table	e 2		
City of San	ta Cla	ra	
Changes in N	et Pos	ition	
		2022	 2021
Expenses			
General Government	\$	205,614	\$ 117,775
Streets and Highways		153,288	123,001
Public Safety		329,183	92,206
Interest		1,628	 2,709
Total Expenses		689,713	 335,691
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services		241,419	37,147
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,187	 1,176
Total Program Revenues		242,606	38,323
General Revenues			
Industrial District Agreement		441,418	407,659
Construction Defect Settlement		150,000	-
Ad Valorem Taxes		102,366	91,250
Sales and Use Taxes		34,878	32,792
Franchise Taxes		16,768	16,085
Grants		79,217	-
Other Revenues		10,831	 5,142
Total General Revenues		835,478	 552,928
Change in Net Position		388,371	255,560
Beginning Net Position		2,760,547	 2,504,987
Ending Net Position	\$	3,148,918	\$ 2,760,547

### Fund Financial Statements

### **Balance Sheet**

The Balance sheet shows the financial assets, liabilities and reserves for the City. Long-term assets and liabilities are not presented on this statement because the focus is on current financial resources.

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

This statement shows the revenues and expenditures for the City. The revenue from Ad Valorem tax makes up 9% of the total revenues (15% in the prior year). Industrial District payments made up 41% of total revenues (69% in the prior year). Total expenditures increased \$177 thousand or 35% due primarily to the increase in public safety.

### **Budgetary Analysis**

The City has one fund – general. The original adopted budget was amended during the year. The general fund expenditures were \$298 thousand less than budgeted, and revenues exceeded the budget by \$510 thousand. The City did not budget for court revenue or grant revenue from the American Rescue Plan.

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of the fiscal year, the City's net investment in capital assets totals \$1.51 million, a decrease of \$23 thousand from the prior year. The City is continuing street improvements but limited activity occurred in 2022. More detailed information regarding capital assets may be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The 2022-2023 budget expects revenues to remain comparable to 2021-2022 without the construction defect settlement. Expenditures are projected to increase to \$1.6 million as street improvements are planned. No significant changes to city services are anticipated.

### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability to its taxpayers. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City office at City of Santa Clara, 1653 N Santa Clara Rd, Marion, TX 78124.

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements:
  - Governmental Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,406,320	
Certificates of Deposit	407,303	
Accounts Receivable - Sales Tax	5,663	
Accounts Receivable - Ad Valorem	5,266	
Accounts Receivable - Franchise Tax	5,195	
Prepaid Expenses	2,500	
Total Current Assets	1,832,247	
Capital Assets:		
Buildings & Improvements	196,334	
Infrastructure	1,853,359	
Furniture & Equipment	109,397	
Land	92,404	
Construction in Progress	175,561	
Accumulated Depreciation	(917,095)	
Total Capital Assets	1,509,960	
TOTAL ASSETS	3,342,207	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilites:		
Accounts Payable	25,286	
Court Costs Payable	38,893	
Payroll Taxes Payable	4,562	
Note Payable - Current Portion	17,494	
Unearned Grant Revenue	107,054	
Total Current Liabilities	193,289	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	193,289	
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,492,466	
Restricted for:		
Youth Activities	5,000	
Unrestricted	1,651,452	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,148,918	

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Program Revenues			Net Revenue (Expense)		
						erating	Total	
			Ch	arges for	Gra	nts and	Go	vernmental
FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	Ez	penses	5	Services	Contr	ributions	Ā	Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
General Government	\$	205,614	\$	84,426	\$	-	\$	(121,188)
Public Safety		329,183		156,993		1,187		(171,003)
Streets and Highways		153,288		-		-		(153,288)
Interest		1,628		-		-		(1,628)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL								
ACTIVITIES	\$	689,713	\$	241,419	\$	1,187		(447,107)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Industrial District Agreement								441,418
Construction Defect Settlement								150,000
Ad Valorem Tax								102,366
General Grants								79,217
Sales Tax								34,878
Franchise Tax								16,768
Miscellaneous Income								6,307
Interest Income								4,524
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES								835,478
Change in Net Position								388,371
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR								2,760,547
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR							\$	3,148,918

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,406,320
Certificates of Deposit	407,303
Accounts Receivable - Sales Tax	5,663
Accounts Receivable - Franchise Tax	5,195
Accounts Receivable - Ad Valorem	5,266
Prepaid Items	 2,500
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,832,247
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 25,286
Court Costs Payable	38,893
Payroll Taxes Payable	4,562
Unearned Revenue - Grant	 107,054
Total Liabilities	 175,795
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	
Unavailable Revenue - Ad Valorem	5,266
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	 5,266
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable Prepaid Items	2,500
Restricted for:	
Youth Activities	5,000
Assigned for:	
Road Repairs	83,166
Building Replacement	89,156
Land Purchase	155,670
Unassigned	 1,315,694
Total Fund Balances	 1,651,186
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,	
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,832,247

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$ 1,651,186
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property Taxes not available to pay for current expenditures are deferred in the fund statements.	5,266
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(17,494)
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the general fund.	 1,509,960
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,148,918

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REVENUES	
Industrial District Agreement	\$ 441,418
Fines and Forfeitures	156,751
Construction Defect Settlement	150,000
Ad Valorem Tax	99,578
Permits	84,013
Grants	79,217
Sales Tax	34,878
Franchise Tax	16,768
Other Revenues	6,720
Interest Income	4,524
Child Safety	 1,186
TOTAL REVENUES	 1,075,053
EXPENDITURES	
General Government	186,075
Public Safety	326,391
Streets and Highways	87,044
Capital Outlay	64,979
Debt Service:	
Principal Loan Payments	19,132
Interest	 1,628
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 685,249
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	389,804
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,261,382
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,651,186

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND</b> Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	\$ 389,804
The changes in property taxes receivable reported in the statement of	
activities do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are	
not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	2,787
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. notes payable) provides current financial	
resources to governmental funds, which the repayment of the principal of	
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental	
funds. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position.	
Principal Payments	19,132
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay 64,979	
Depreciation (88,331)	 (23,352)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 388,371

### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Santa Clara, Texas ("City") are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governmental units as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. A summary of the City's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follow:

### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Santa Clara was established in May of 1999 and is governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. The City is located in Guadalupe County, Texas.

The City's annual financial report includes the accounts of all City operations. The financial statements of the City of Santa Clara, Texas, have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there were no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report.

### 2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities are supported mainly by ad valorem tax, sales tax revenues and income from an industrial district agreement.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds which meet the criteria as a *major governmental fund*. The general fund is the only major fund of the City and there were no non-major funds.

### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

**Governmental fund financial statements** are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include sales tax, and industrial district agreement payments. Primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, and street maintenance.

### 4. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

The City considers all checking, money market and certificates of deposit with maturities of three months or less as cash and cash equivalents.

### 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1, and are past due after January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes and franchise taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for the prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management has estimated that all past due property tax receivables are collectible, and, thus, the allowance is zero for September 30, 2022.

Accounts receivable represents amounts due from the state for sales tax collections. Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements.

### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 6. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made for goods and services in advance are recorded as prepaid items on the balance sheet.

### 7. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in a separate section following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position and the balance sheet.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources).

### 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets costing over \$3,000 and having an estimated useful life over 1 year. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	<u>YEARS</u>
Buildings and improvements	10 to 30 years
Infrastructure (Roads)	30 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Land	40 years

### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 9. FUND EQUITY

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Non-spendable - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted – Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose by a resolution of City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes those constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the City intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The City Council may make assignments and has chosen not to delegate that authority to any other individuals.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the City.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the City considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

### **10. NET POSITION**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

### 11. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE B -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2022, the City's bank deposits exceeded the coverage provided by the FDIC and the additional pledged collateral by \$60,249. The City has adopted an investment policy restricting the types of investments it may purchase. As of September 30, 2022, the City has only invested in certificates of deposit totaling \$407,303. Certificates of deposit are reported at amortized cost.

### NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The City's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the City. Assessed values are established by the Guadalupe County Appraisal District. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values.

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. For fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the assessed tax rate for the City was \$0.164300 per \$100 of assessed value, which was \$60.5 million for the 2021 tax year. Thus the City has a tax margin of \$2.3357 for each \$100 of assessed value and could increase its annual levy by approximately \$1.41 million based upon the present assessed valuation before the limit is reached. However, the City is generally limited to annual increases of 3.5% in the tax levy without requiring voter approval.

# NOTE D -- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance   ties 10/1/21		A	dditions	Dispo	osals	Balance 9/30/22		
Furniture & Equipment	\$	93,941	\$	15,456	\$	-	\$	109,397	
Infrastructure (Roads)		1,853,359		-		-		1,853,359	
Building and Improvements		196,334		-		-		196,334	
Land		92,404		-		-		92,404	
Construction in Progress		126,038		49,523		-		175,561	
	_	2,362,076		64,979		_		2,427,055	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:									
Furniture & Equipment		(24,384)		(14,061)		-		(38,445)	
Infrastructure (Roads)		(721,996)		(61,779)		-		(783,775)	
Building and Improvements		(82,384)		(12,491)		-		(94,875)	
		(828,764)		(88,331)		_		(917,095)	
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,533,312	\$	(23,352)	\$	_	\$	1,509,960	

Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated.

Depreciation Expense was allocated to the following governmental functions:

General Government	\$ 19,537
Public Safety	2,550
Streets and Highways	 66,244
Total Current Depreciation	\$ 88,331

### NOTE E -- NOTE PAYABLE

The City purchased land in June 2018 and financed the payments through Marion State Bank. The original balance of the note is \$90,000 and bears interest at 5.75%. Monthly payments are required at \$1,730 each. The note matures on September 6, 2023 and is secured by deposit balances.

	В	alance					В	alance	Du	e Within		
	10	/1/2021	Additions Retirements		Retirements		Retirements		tirements 9/30/		Or	ne Year
Note Payable	\$	36,626	\$	-	\$	(19,132)	\$	17,494	\$	17,494		
	\$	36,626	\$	-	\$	(19,132)	\$	17,494	\$	17,494		

Future payments, based on conditions at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Principal		In	terest	Total			
2023	\$	17,494	\$	575	\$	18,069		
	\$	17,494	\$	575	\$	18,069		

### NOTE F -- INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT AGREEMENT/CONCENTRATION

The City has an Industrial District Agreement with Calpine Corporation (formerly Guadalupe Power Partners, LP) under the authority of Texas Local Government Code Section 42.044, and other applicable laws. The term of the agreement is fourteen years: October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2029. Payments are due each year on October 1 and are deemed to be paid in advance for the fiscal year that follows. The following schedule summarizes the remaining contractual payments:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30,	F	ayment
2023	\$	477,534
2024		516,159
2025		557,451
2026		601,583
2027		648,734
2028-2029		1,451,969
	\$	4,253,430

This agreement represents 41% of general fund revenues. Should Calpine Corporation be unable to honor this agreement the City's operations would be significantly impacted.

### NOTE G -- CONSTRUCTION DEFECT SETTLEMENT

The City received a bond payment due to unacceptable construction work on a road repair project. The amount received is recorded as Construction Defect Settlement revenue on the Statement of Activities and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

### NOTE H -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has identified possible risk of losses arising from events such as the following:

- 1. Torts.
- 2. Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets.
- 3. Errors and omissions.
- 4. Job-related illnesses or injuries to employees.
- 5. Acts of God.

The City contracts with Texas Municipal League providers to provide insurance coverage for identified risks. TML is a multi-government group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by TML. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$7,886.

### NOTE I -- COMMITMENTS

The City entered into a five year contract with a vendor during the prior fiscal year. The contract is to provide maintenance for the Municipal Court software. The agreement is to pay \$5,500 per year for five years beginning in 2021 and ending in 2025.

In January 2023 the City accepted a bid from a construction vendor for \$974,250 to complete the Santa Clara Loop and Wetz Road construction and drainage project.

### NOTE J -- LITIGATION

The City is unaware of any threatened or pending litigation that may have a material effect on the financial statements.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Industrial District Agreement	\$ 441,418	\$ 441,418	\$ 441,418	\$ -		
Ad Valorem Tax	98,408	98,408	99,578	1,170		
Sales Tax	22,000	22,000	34,878	12,878		
Permits	-	-	84,013	84,013		
Interest Income	3,000	3,000	4,524	1,524		
Child Safety	-	-	1,186	1,186		
Franchise Tax	-	-	16,768	16,768		
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	156,751	156,751		
Grants	-	-	79,217	79,217		
Construction Defect Settlement	-	-	150,000	150,000		
Other Revenue	100	100	6,720	6,620		
TOTAL REVENUES	564,926	564,926	1,075,053	510,127		
EXPENDITURES						
General Government:						
Personnel Costs	36,000	69,179	75,786	(6,607)		
Legal and Accounting	38,750	38,750	37,800	950		
Utilities	3,520	3,520	4,521	(1,001)		
Telephone	800	800	821	(21)		
Insurance	8,500	8,500	8,629	(129)		
Dues	2,400	2,400	1,785	615		
Elections	5,200	5,200	-	5,200		
Communications	2,000	2,000	348	1,652		
Building Maintenance	1,471	1,471	4,715	(3,244)		
Office Supplies	15,000	15,000	7,234	7,766		
Community Library	3,500	3,500	3,500	-		
Engineering	-	-	38,313	(38,313)		
Miscellaneous	2,300	2,300	2,623	(323)		
Total General Government	119,441	152,620	186,075	(33,455)		
Public Safety:						
Personnel Costs	61,592	213,566	217,940	(4,374)		
Supplies and Equipment	4,952	12,278	70,315	(58,037)		
Marion Fire Department	3,000	26,184	26,184	-		
Schertz Emergency Medical Service	11,559	11,559	11,952	(393)		
Total Public Safety	\$ 81,103	\$ 263,587	\$ 326,391	\$ (62,804)		

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
			Actual	Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
EXPENDITURES (CONT.):						
Debt Service:						
Principal Loan Payments	\$ 19,132	\$ 19,132	\$ 19,132	\$ -		
Interest	1,628	1,628	1,628	-		
Total Debt Service	20,760	20,760	20,760	-		
Streets and Highways:						
Road Repairs	443,643	443,643	62,284	381,359		
Personnel Costs	35,000	37,690	24,760	12,930		
Total Streets and Highways	478,643	481,333	87,044	394,289		
Capital Outlay	64,979	64,979	64,979	-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	764,926	983,279	685,249	298,030		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(200,000)	(418,353)	389,804	808,157		
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>	1,261,382	1,261,382	1,261,382			
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,061,382	\$ 843,029	\$ 1,651,186	\$ 808,157		

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Budgetary Information** – Budgets are prepared for the general fund in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device.

The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

## Contents

- Comparative Balance Sheets General Fund
- Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

		2022	2021		
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,406,320	\$	944,859	
Certificates of Deposit		407,303		404,623	
Accounts Receivable - Sales Tax		5,663		6,437	
Accounts Receivable - Ad Valorem		5,266		2,479	
Accounts Receivable - Franchise Tax		5,195		3,701	
Prepaid Items		2,500		2,500	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,832,247	\$	1,364,599	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF					
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	25,286	\$	2,891	
Court Costs Payable		38,893		4,803	
Payroll Taxes Payable		4,562		-	
Unearned Revenues - Grant		107,054		93,044	
Total Liabilities	175,795		100,738		
Deferred Inflow of Resources:					
Unavailable Revenues - Ad Valorem		5,266		2,479	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		5,266		2,479	
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable Prepaid Items		2,500		2,500	
Restricted for:					
Law Enforcement		-		30,000	
Youth Activities		5,000		-	
Child Safety		-		9,927	
Assigned for:					
Road Repairs		83,166		82,582	
Building Replacement		89,156		88,867	
Land Purchase		155,670		154,566	
Unassigned		1,315,694		892,940	
Total Fund Balances		1,651,186		1,261,382	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW					
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,832,247	\$	1,364,599	

### OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES

\$ 1,832,247	\$ 1,364,599

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	 2022	2021		
REVENUES				
Industrial District Agreement	\$ 441,418	\$	407,659	
Fines and Forfeitures	156,751		18,739	
Construction Defect Settlement	150,000		-	
Ad Valorem Tax	99,578		90,568	
Permits	84,013		18,317	
Grants	79,217		-	
Sales Tax	34,878		32,792	
Franchise Tax	16,768		16,085	
Other Revenues	6,720		91	
Interest Income	4,524		5,142	
Child Safety	 1,186		1,177	
TOTAL REVENUES	 1,075,053		590,570	
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	186,075		98,541	
Public Safety	326,391		92,206	
Streets and Highways	87,044		61,222	
Capital Outlay	64,979		235,594	
Debt Service				
Principal Loan Payments	19,132		18,051	
Interest	 1,628		2,709	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 685,249		508,323	
Net Change in Fund Balance	389,804		82,247	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,261,382		1,179,135	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,651,186	\$	1,261,382	



### STATISTICAL SECTION

The following unaudited Statistical Tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends and fiscal capacity of the City.

This part of the City of Santa Clara's annual financial report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Santa Clara's overall financial health.

### Contents

Financial Trends - Tables 1 through 5

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Santa Clara's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - Table 6 through 9

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess one of Santa Clara's significant local revenue sources.

Demographic and Economic Information - Tables 10 and 11

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Santa Clara's financial activities take place.

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year								
	2013		2014		2015			2016	
Governmental Activities									
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	1,030,640	\$	1,067,780	\$	1,057,369	\$	1,051,772	
Restricted		31,683		33,057		33,995		34,757	
Unrestricted		272,682		272,818		466,039		634,683	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	1,335,005	\$	1,373,655	\$	1,557,403	\$	1,721,212	

Fiscal Year																
 2017		2018		2018		2018		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 1,240,242	\$	1,213,680	\$	1,344,067	\$	1,324,056	\$	1,496,686	\$	1,492,466						
35,714		36,722		37,775		38,750		39,927		5,000						
587,298		788,588		839,227		1,142,181		1,223,934		1,651,452						
\$ 1,863,254	\$	2,038,990	\$	2,221,069	\$	2,504,987	\$	2,760,547	\$	3,148,918						

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014		2015		2016
Expenses								
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	41,542	\$	38,944	\$	59,938	\$	72,902
Public Safety		12,120		12,396		12,679		12,969
Streets and Highways		85,156		90,151		108,297		128,520
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$	138,818	\$	141,491	\$	180,914	\$	214,391
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities								
Charges for Services:								
General Government	\$	125	\$	200	\$	9,525	\$	3,700
Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Streets and Highways		1,082		-		-		-
Operating Grants and Contributions		846		934		938		5,761
Total Governmental Activities								
Progam Revenues	\$	2,053	\$	1,134	\$	10,463	\$	9,461
Net (Expense) Revenue								
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(136,765)	\$	(140,357)	\$	(170,451)	\$	(204,930)
General Revenues								
Governmental Activities								
Industrial District Agreement General Grants	\$	130,000	\$	130,010	\$	300,000	\$	306,000
Construction Defect Settlement		-		-		-		-
Ad Valorem Tax		-		35,762		39,065		43,336
Franchise Tax		-		-		-		-
Sales Tax		9,814		11,638		13,752		17,534
Interest Income		1,110		1,033		1,382		1,869
Other Revenues		299		564	_	-		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	141,223	\$	179,007	\$	354,199	\$	368,739
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities	\$	4,458	\$	38,650	\$	183,748	\$	163,809

	Fiscal Year												
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		
\$	70,575	\$	81,005	\$	103,260	\$	106,424	\$	117,775	\$	205,614		
	13,354 158,302		13,447 139,203 1,228		13,790 162,720 4,690		14,137 128,302 3,739		92,206 123,001 2,709		329,183 153,288 1,628		
\$	242,231	\$	234,883	\$	284,460	\$	252,602	\$	335,691	\$	689,713		
\$	1,325	\$	1,200	\$	8,795	\$	12,473	\$	18,408	\$	84,426		
Ф	- 1,525	Φ	1,200 -	Ф	8,795	Ф	- 12,4/3	Ф	18,739	\$	84,420 156,993		
	5,957		5,573		1,053		975		1,176		- 1,187		
\$	7,282	\$	6,773	\$	9,848	\$	13,448	\$	38,323	\$	242,606		
\$	(234,949)	\$	(228,110)	\$	(274,612)	\$	(239,154)	\$	(297,368)	\$	(447,107)		
\$	312,120	\$	328,523	\$	346,649 -	\$	376,114	\$	407,659 -	\$	441,418 79,217		
	48,433		53,088		- 81,674 -		- 87,708 -		- 91,250 16,085		150,000 102,366 16,768		
	14,131 2,307		18,552 3,683		23,111 5,257		37,195 22,055		32,792 5,142		34,878 4,524 6,307		
\$	376,991	\$	403,846	\$	456,691	\$	523,072	\$	552,928	\$	835,478		
\$	142,042	\$	175,736	\$	182,079	\$	283,918	\$	255,560	\$	388,371		

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA FUND BALANCES, GOVERMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2013		2014		2015		2016			
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	6,300	\$	2,000	\$	2,000		
Restricted		31,683		33,057		33,995		34,757		
Assigned		78,174		78,269		78,654		182,151		
Unassigned		194,079		187,718		384,679		449,046		
Total General Fund	\$	303,936	\$	305,344	\$	499,328	\$	667,954		

	Fiscal Year											
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	
Ψ	35,714	Ψ	36,722	Ψ	37,775	Ψ	38,750	Ψ	39,927	Ψ	5,000	
	313,372 270,409		310,542 474,762		393,866 440,626		387,740 750,145		326,015 892,940		327,992 1,315,694	
\$	621,495	\$	824,026	\$	874,767	\$	1,179,135	\$	1,261,382	\$	1,651,186	

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014		2015		2016
REVENUES								
Industrial District Agreement	\$	130,000	\$	130,010	\$	300,000	\$	306,000
Construction Defect Settlement		-		-		-		-
Ad Valorem Tax		122		35,660		38,890		42,556
Franchise Tax		-		-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Sales Tax		9,814		11,638		13,752		17,534
Other Revenues		1,066		764		225		5,375
Grants		-		-		-		-
Permits		-		-		9,300		3,325
Interest Income		1,110		1,033		1,382		1,869
Child Safety		846		934		938		761
TOTAL REVENUES		142,958		180,039		364,487		377,420
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		37,132		35,245		56,306		67,994
Public Safety		12,120		12,396		12,679		12,969
Streets and Highways		158,072		47,886		63,262		83,486
Capital Outlay		-		83,104		38,256		44,345
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		207,324		178,631		170,503		208,794
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(64,366)		1,408		193,984		168,626
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)								
Loan Proceeds		-		-		-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(64,366)	\$	1,408	\$	193,984	\$	168,626
Debt Service Expenditures as a		0.00/		0.00/		0.00/		0.00/
Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%

Fiscal Year												
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
\$	312,120	\$	328,523	\$	346,649	\$	376,114	\$	407,659	\$	441,418	
	-		-		-		-		-		150,000	
	48,401		53,322		80,723		88,145		90,568		99,578	
	-		-		-		-		16,085		16,768	
	-		-		-		-		18,739		156,751	
	14,131		18,552		23,111		37,195		32,792		34,878	
	5,075		4,940		236		375		91		6,720	
	-		-	-			-		-		79,217	
	1,250		825		8,670		12,098		18,317		84,013	
2,307			3,683		5,147		22,057		5,142		4,524	
	957		1,008		1,053		975		1,177		1,186	
	384,241		410,853		465,589		536,959		590,570		1,075,053	
	66,945		77,373		97,455		91,162		98,541		186,075	
	13,354		13,447		13,790		14,137		92,206		326,391	
	108,495		83,115		104,673		66,524		61,222		87,044	
	241,906		120,927		178,170		40,008		235,594		64,979	
	-		2,232		16,070		17,021		18,051		19,132	
	-		1,228		4,690		3,739		2,709		1,628	
	430,700		298,322		414,848		232,591		508,323		685,249	
	(46,459)		112,531		50,741		304,368		82,247		389,804	
			90,000				-				-	
			90,000								-	
\$	(46,459)	\$	202,531	\$	50,741	\$	304,368	\$	82,247	\$	389,804	
		2.0%	9.6%		12.1%		8.2%		3.5%			

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal							
Year	Sale	es & Use	Ad	Valorem	Franchise		
2013	\$	9,814	\$	122	\$	-	
2014		11,638		35,660		-	
2015		13,752		38,890		-	
2016		17,534		42,556		-	
2017		14,131		48,401		-	
2018		18,552		53,322		-	
2019		23,111		80,723		-	
2020		37,195		88,145		-	
2021		32,792		90,568		16,085	
2022		34,878		99,578		16,768	

## CITY OF SANTA CLARA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

# TABLE 6

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2013	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
2014	29,656,990	10,436,079	10,687,236	29,405,833	0.120000
2015	31,626,749	9,306,333	8,811,212	32,121,870	0.119800
2016	34,013,302	11,535,822	10,319,124	35,230,000	0.120000
2017	37,301,176	14,140,913	11,243,756	40,198,333	0.120000
2018	42,990,450	18,209,692	17,129,587	44,070,555	0.120000
2019	48,871,062	19,033,363	18,894,687	49,009,738	0.164300
2020	54,139,401	21,160,968	22,220,302	53,080,067	0.164300
2021	57,747,628	24,408,097	26,683,595	55,472,130	0.164300
2022	65,198,841	26,394,410	31,109,916	60,483,335	0.164300

Source: Guadalupe Appraisal District. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. Taxes were not levied in fiscal year 2013.

## CITY OF SANTA CLARA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

### TABLE 7

	Direct	Overl		
Fiscal	C'i	Marion	Guadalupe	<b>T</b> ( 1
Period	City	ISD	County	Total
2013	0.000000	1.280000	0.399900	1.679900
2014	0.120000	1.280000	0.394100	1.794100
2015	0.119800	1.280000	0.385100	1.784900
2016	0.120000	1.350000	0.385100	1.855100
2017	0.120000	1.350000	0.379900	1.849900
2018	0.120000	1.350000	0.381900	1.851900
2019	0.164300	1.350000	0.381900	1.896200
2020	0.164300	1.428400	0.385400	1.978100
2021	0.164300	1.385500	0.429900	1.979700
2022	0.164300	1.320300	0.393900	1.878500

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, within the geographic boundaries of the City.

Source: Guadalupe County Tax Assessor Collector

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

# TABLE 8

	2022					2014			
		Taxable		Percentage	]	Faxable		Percentage	
	A	Assessed		ofAssessed	Α	ssessed		ofAssessed	
		Value	Rank	Valuation		Value	Rank	Valuation	
Nystel, Joseph W & Angela K	\$	544,275	1	0.90%					
Clutter, Chistopher Edward		525,681	2	0.87%					
FK Capital Partners LLC		501,891	3	0.83%					
Woods, Damon Scott & Kim		482,731	4	0.80%					
Marroquin, Roberto & Teresa C		448,360	5	0.74%					
Winkler, James Dustin & Misty Ann		445,134	6	0.74%					
Swaim, Linda & Sam		427,500	7	0.71%					
Harris, Matthew & Tiffany		425,380	8	0.70%					
Morales, Jorge & Hannah		423,436	9	0.70%					
Hanna, Stephen & April		421,858	10	0.70%					
Firstmark Credit Union					\$	435,108	1	1.48%	
Magouirk, Priscilla						267,966	2	0.91%	
Kusenberger, Glen & Trisha						264,656	3	0.90%	
Garza, Rene & Holly						264,371	4	0.90%	
Hurt, Leah						262,076	5	0.89%	
Oba, Chad & Rubi						239,970	6	0.82%	
Hodges, Caroll & Courtney						239,017	7	0.81%	
Bennett, Gregg & Mary						217,922	8	0.74%	
Robles, Juan & Maria						215,898	9	0.73%	
Land, Laura & Jeffrey						215,628	10	0.73%	
Total	\$	4,646,246		7.68%	\$	2,622,612		8.92%	

Source: Guadalupe Appraisal District.

Note: A property tax was not levied for 2013. Information for 2014 is presented instead.

# CITY OF SANTA CLARA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

# TABLE 9

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied			Collected Fiscal Year	Coll	ections		Total Collections to Date			
Ended September 30,		or the cal year	A	mount	Percentage of Levy		in Subsequent Years		mount	Percentage of Levy	
2013	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	
2014		35,287		34,744	98.46%		509		35,253	99.90%	
2015		38,482		37,899	98.49%		372		38,271	99.45%	
2016		42,276		41,851	98.99%		222		42,073	99.52%	
2017		48,238		47,339	98.14%		589		47,928	99.36%	
2018		52,885		52,031	98.39%		653		52,684	99.62%	
2019		80,523		79,239	98.41%		19		79,258	98.43%	
2020		87,211		86,303	98.96%		543		86,846	99.58%	
2021		91,162		89,907	98.62%		638		90,545	99.32%	
2022		99,438		97,851	98.40%		-		97,851	98.40%	

Source: Guadalupe County Tax Assessor Collector.

### CITY OF SANTA CLARA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### Per Capita Personal Median Unemployment Age<sup>1</sup> Income \* Rate Year Population \$ 6.0% 2013 722 31,971 37.4 40,399 6.0% 2014 729 38.4 2015 738 38,439 48.2 3.4% 2016 725 40,092 36.4 4.3% 2017 42,164 3.2% 725 45.0 2018 741 43,019 3.1% 42.6 2019 725 44,809 45.0 3.3% 2020 769 45,705 45.6 3.2% 2021 776 46,619 43.5 4.1% 2022 761 47,552 43.3 3.2%

<sup>1</sup>Sources: Unemployment rate provided by the Texas Workforce Commission for Guadalupe County. Population and median age provided by United States Census Bureau.

\*Per capita personal income provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis for Guadalupe County.

#### CITY OF SANTA CLARA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

### TABLE 11

		2022			2013	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
			Total City			Total City
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Vitesco (Continental AG)	1,565	1	11.77%	1,002	3	8.91%
Texas Power Systems/CAT	1,480	2	11.13%	1,206	1	10.72%
Seguin Independent School District	1,130	3	8.50%	1,085	2	9.64%
CMC Steel	830	4	6.24%	847	5	7.53%
Guadalupe Regional Medical Center	765	5	5.75%	667	6	5.93%
Guadalupe County	650	6	4.89%	573	7	5.09%
Tyson Foods	550	7	4.14%	850	4	7.55%
Texas Lutheran University	440	8	3.31%	-		
City of Seguin	429	9	3.23%	338	9	3.00%
HEB	400	10	3.01%	-		
Wal-Mart Super Center	-			400	8	3.55%
Texas Lutheran University				314	10	2.79%
Total	8,239		61.97%	7,282		64.71%

Source: Seguin Area Chamber of Commerce, Texas Workforce Commission, and Seguin Economic Development Corporation.

Employment in the City of Santa Clara is limited and most employees commute to the Seguin area. Thus, the above data is for Seguin.

